THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

By Gallaway, Hampton & Co.) MEMPHIS, SUNDAY, JULY 14, 1867. (Volume Nine—Number 164

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Ahle, Dan & Co., retailers and dealers in foreign and domestic liquors, No. 1 Bradley block.

Black, Cameron & Co., produce and commission merchants, Union avenue, near R. & D. R. Depot.

Bradford & Buckingham, cotton factors and general commission merchants, No. 20 Front street, upstairs.

Buckley, J., manufacturer of gentlemen's boots and shoes No. 24 Main street.

Brown, Mrs., female doctress, No. 32 Monroe street.

Brown & Grider, attorneys at law, over Tennessee National Bank, between Jefferson and Main.

Brown, S. C. & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 21 Jefferson street.

Brigham, E. R., general railroad and steamboat ticket agent, corner Main and Madison streets.

Bond & Hamilton, Jos. F., electrical agents, 34 Jefferson street.

Brown, Dillard & Co., cotton factors and tobacco agents, 91 Front street.

Cabaret Union Bank, 32 Madison street.

Commercial Hotel, D. Bryson, proprietor, corner Front and Jefferson streets.

Cassina, Dr. A. S., medicine office in Bethel Block, corner of Court and Main streets.

Cox & Humphreys, produce and commission merchants, No. 1 Howard Row.

Cunningham, Dickson, flour merchant, 320 Front street.

Chamberlin & Co., C., job printers, blank book manufacturers and stationery, 197 Main street.

Dickinson, John A., carpets, furniture, oil cloth, etc., etc., Irving Block.

Dickson, J. W., & Bro., cotton factors, general commission merchants, No. 310 Front street.

Enquirer & Gilbert, wholesale and retail dealers in stationery, cutlery, china, glass, etc., etc., 208 Main street.

Edmondson & Wynn, cotton factors and general commission merchants, 111-2 Union street, Memphis, Tenn.

Emmet Savings Institution, 7 Madison street.

Elson Brothers, mammoth cheap dry goods store, 297 Main street.

Filbert, Minter & Walker, direct importers, Arcade building, 322 Second street.

Fulin, J. W. & Co., druggists, 34 Main street.

Fissic, Buckham & Chapman, groceries and family supplies, 300 Main street.

Farrington & Howell, grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, Front Row, Memphis, Tenn.

Goodloe & Isbell, Slave dealers, 126 Main street.

Gessel, Leopold, music dealer, 275 Main street.

Greeley & Co., George S., grocers and cotton factors, 333 Main street.

Gumbinger, J., dealer in spectacles, 317½ Main street.

Hoerner, Theodore, druggist and analytical chemist, corner Real and Second streets.

Harnes, Stockton & Co., attorneys at law; office, Main street, between Second and Third.

Hoxie & Co., P. L., wholesale druggists, southwest corner Main and Monroe streets.

Harwood, Larry, steamboat Agent, No. 14 Jefferson street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 12 Jefferson street.

Jukes, Thomas S., tin smithing and stencil cutting, 32 second street.

Johnson & Co., W. J., steamboat agents, Star Wharfboat, foot of Jefferson street.

Knight, Wm. B., dry goods, clothing, notions, etc., 196 Main street.

Keller, Dr. J. M., office Jefferson street, Avalanche Editorial Rooms, opposite Overton hotel.

Leopold, Dr. Bel., eye and ear dispensary, Main street, opposite Overton hotel.

Lawrence & Carter, general commission and forwarding merchants, 228 Front street.

Lee & Co., A. S., auctioneers, Second street, between Union and Gayoso.

Lichtenauer & Brother, agents, beer and shoemakers, 20 Monroe street.

Lane & Saunders, real estate agents, 326 Front street.

Leidy & Miller, Dealers in hats, caps, straw goods, etc., No. 3 Madison street.

Lorrand Miller, general steamboat agents and forwarders 3 Madison street.

Lowenstein, B., staple and fancy dry goods, 342 Main street.

Mardwell & Anderson, marble works, 39 Union street.

Moore, Whitfield & Rayner, cotton factors, storage and general commission merchants, 304 Front street, Memphis

Mallory, Bryan & Co., dealers in furniture, carpets, oil cloth, 344 Main street, McKinney's old stand.

Memphis Insurance Co., 23½ Madison street.

Merchants' National Bank, No. 8 Jefferson street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad, office No. 5 Jefferson street, under Commercial Hotel.

McRae & Walker, attorneys at law, Bethel Block.

McClure, J. H., architect and engineer, Stillman Block, corner Madison and Second streets.

Montgomery & Montgomery, real estate agents, 278 Second street.

Matthes & Bro., liquor dealers, 291 Main street.

Mosley, J. R., coal dealer, 19 Union street.

Martin & Donegan, cotton factors, commission and forwarding merchants, 230 Front street.

Mardwell & Anderson, marble works, No. 39 Union street.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailor, No. 31 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.

McCaffrey, Cassidy, general undertakers and embalmers, at the dead, 217 second street, Memphis, Tenn.

Miles & Stoddard, auctioneers, 271 Main street.

Murray & Ridgely, merchant tailors, 3 Madison street.

Mosher Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 261 Main street.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad Office, corner Main and Second Court street.

Mitchell & Hardiman, manufacturers of furniture, dealers in carpets, oil cloths, etc., 306 Main street and 3 Monroe.

Mebane & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 14 Madison street.

Nathan, Henry, importer and wholesale dealer in wines, liquors, cigars, etc., 15 Jefferson street.

Nevitt & Rose, grocers and cotton factors, 179 Front street.

Owen, Henry, West, Fifth, Pike and Marine Insurance Agents, 261 Main and 23½ Madison streets.

Otis & Co., wholesale millinery supplies, 219 Second street.

Pettibone & Co., George, bookseller and stationer, 36 North Court street.

Pierce & Harbert, cotton and tobacco factors and general commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Plummer, Carey & Co., produce and commission merchants, 196 Main street.

Power & McGilvoy, merchant tailors, 238 Second street.

Postal, W. C., Superintendent Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company, foot of Jefferson street.

People's Bank of Tennessee, 12 Madison street.

Phoenix Insurance Company, W. B. Grenlaw, President, 10 Madison street.

Plummer & Co., W. H., General Additional Agents' Block.

Perkins, Livingston & East, cotton gins, presses and plantation machinery, 6 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Plummer, George, general cotton, commission and cotton merchant, 26 Main street, Webster block.

Price & Terry, cotton factors, 15 Union street.

Patrick & Co., J. M., cotton factors, 254 Front street.

Planters' Insurance Company of Tennessee, 272 Front street.

Price & Yeatman, dealers in tobacco and flour, and general commission merchants, 304 Front street.

Price & Terry, cotton factors and commission merchants, 15 Union street.

Randolph, Dow & Co., booksellers and stationers, 36 North Court street.

Poltra & Hamstock, china, glass and queensware, 272 Main street.

Price & Yeatman, general commission merchants, 304 Front street.

Rockey, Bayless & Co., watches, diamonds and fine jewelry, 267 Main street.

Richardson & Co., Wm. A., hatters and machinists, over 24 Monroe street.

Rallo, Finney & Co., cotton factors, 15 Union street.

Rogers & Co., S. C., publishers of The Baptist and The Southern Farmer, 21 Arcade Building, Court street.

Robbins, R. de Bradley, hardware merchants, 229 Second street, Adams block, Memphis, Tenn.

Rogers, Townsend & Co., Auctioneers and Real Estate Agents, 41 Jefferson street, Second street.

Rhodes, Mitchell & Co., clothing and furnishing goods, 300 Main street.

St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, McMahon & Otis, agents; office, 19 Madison street.

Smith, W. F., undertaker, 10 Monroe street.

Smith, Owen, undertaker, 303 northeast corner Gayoso and Second street.

Schutz, William & Co., lumber dealers, 19 Madison street.

Savings Bank of Memphis, 20 Main street.

Scott, Thomas, passenger agent, City Wharfboat, foot of Monroe street.

Steinhaul, Jacob, dealer in fine liquors, 320 Third street.

Smith, Thomas O., undertaker, 10 Monroe street.

Steele, James A., general insurance agent, 15 Union street, up stairs.

Shepard, Walker & Co., dry goods and commission merchants, 24 Main street.

Smith, F., architect and engineer, Irving Block, Second street, near Court.

Sugg & Fentz, attorneys at law, No. 6 Madison street, Dickens Block.

Terry & Mitchell, wholesale dealers in boots, shoes and hats, 329 Main street, Eclipse Building.

Terrell & Co., J. C., merchant tailors, 19 Jefferson street.

Toof, S. C., Book and Job Printer, No. 12 West Court street.

Townsend, J. T., & Sons, real estate brokers, 24 Madison street.

Van Schaick, R., auctioneer and commission merchant, 25 Jefferson street.

Vance & Dresbach, steamboat agents, 324 Front street, up stairs.

Vannoy, A. & Co., Liquor merchants, No. 321 Front street.

Western House, corner Main and Adams streets. C. E. Galloway, proprietor.

Walker Brothers & Co., dealers in dry goods, 329 Main street.

Wood, Mitchell & Co., wholesale grocery and provision dealers, No. 13 Union street, Memphis, Tenn.

Wood, S. C. & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 13 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.

Wilson, Scott & Rogers, cotton factors, general commission merchants, and forwarding agents, 226 Front street.

Wood & Rose, attorneys at law, 229 Second street.

Wilder, R. R., & Bro., cotton factors and commission merchants, 22 Front street.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

FOR GOVERNOR,

EMERSON ETHERIDGE

OF WEAKLEY COUNTY.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,

CHARLES S. CAMERON,

OF SHELBY COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,

Hon. J. W. LEFTWICH.

FOR STATE SENATOR,

Hon. JOHN W. SMITH, of Shelby.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,

Honorable DANL. ABLE,

Honorable W. W. COLEMAN.

FOR FLOATER,

GENERAL PHILLIP B. GLENN,

OF FAYETTE COUNTY.

Public Speaking.

A. J. Fletcher, Radical, will address the people at the following times and places, viz:

Memphis, Monday evening, July 15.
Bolivar, Hardeman county, July 16.

Colonel C. S. Cameron, of Shelby, Conservative, by invitation of the Conservative citizens, will address the people in reply to Mr. Fletcher at the above named places on the same day, or will divide time with Fletcher if he is willing.

Public Speaking in the Seventh Congressional District.

The undersigned, candidates for Congress, will address the people of the Seventh Congressional District at the following times and places, viz.:

Red Mound, Monday, July 15.
Lexington, Tuesday, July 16.
Camden, Saturday evening, July 20.
Marlborough, Friday, July 19.
Stevenson's Mill, Weakley county, Wednesday, July 24.
Como, Henry County, Thursday, July 25.

ISAAC R. HAWKINS,
WM. P. CALDWELL.

Hon. J. W. SMITH will address his fellow citizens at the following times and places, viz:

Belmont, Monday, July 15.
Mann's Depot, Wednesday, July 17.
Shelby Depot, Thursday, July 18.
Bartlett, Friday, July 19.
Raleigh, Saturday, July 20.
Cubs, Tuesday, July 23.
Germantown, Wednesday, July 24.
Fisherville, Thursday, July 25.
Somerville, Saturday, July 27.

At which appointments F. J. Smith and F. S. Richards are respectfully invited to be present, and divide time. General P. B. Glenn will attend at each of the above appointments, and address the people upon the important issues of the hour.

It is said that the Emperor Napoleon charges the Church party of Mexico with the death of Maximilian.

Maine has given a majority of over 13,000 votes for a pure stringent liquor law, out of a total vote of nearly 25,000.

Chief Justice Chase has gone to Albany, New York, to attend the wedding of ex-Senator Harris' daughter.

The English Government has announced that the sixpenny system of postage between America and England will be put into operation about the 1st of January, 1868.

Orpheus C. Kerr has in press a novel entitled "Avery Gleburn," which is said to be the result of two years of careful, conscientious labor.

Mr. William Bonlware, of Port Royal, Caroline county, Virginia, was on last Saturday thrown from his horse and instantly killed. Both his legs were broken and his head crushed.

It is rumored, and very likely with truth, that General Sheridan is to be married at an early day to Miss Porter, daughter of the late Judge Porter, and proprietress of one of the finest plantations on Bayou Teche.

George Cruikshank, the artist-humorist, has been granted a pension of $475 per year by the British Government, in acknowledgment of his genius. He is seventy-four years old, and, whether needing it or not, the acknowledgment comes late and is not large.

It is currently reported in England that Mons. L. Andre has refused twenty thousand dollars for Rory Blak, a promising three year old by West Australian. This colt has started five times this year, in France, and won four times.

At Newmarket, England, after a race, a Marchioness, who is as devoted to betting as her husband, danced in the evening with the jockey who rode the winning horse, allowing him to clasp her waist and waltz at the top of his speed.

Queen Victoria delegated one of her daughters, the Princess Alice, to hold a drawing room in Her Majesty's name at St. James Palace on the 15th of June. The attendance, however, was extremely small, and the fact is regarded as an evidence of the increasing ill humor of fashionable society at the seclusion in which the Queen still chooses to live.

Old Thad. Stevens, Wednesday, while delivering a panegyric upon Juarez for his heroic murder of Maximilian, said, "There has got to be a sickly humanity which I dare not get along side of for fear I might catch it." Not a bit of danger! The old, bloody minded malignant, says the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, is more than bullet proof against any human feeling.

The *Constitutional Union* of Washington City reports that a Runic inscription has been discovered near the Great Falls in the Potomac; that it records the death of an Icelandic woman, named Suasu, who died in 1651; that the discovery proves the visit of the Northmen to our shores five centuries before the time of Columbus, and that they made explorations inland.

Among the curious documents presented in the House of Representatives is a memorial from the candidate who opposed Elijah Hise, who committed suicide four days after the election. The memorialist claims that as Hise died before all the forms of law declaring him to be the representative elect had been complied with, he, the memorialist, is the only person entitled to the seat; or, in other words, that he is the residuary legatee on the political estate of the suicide.

The last *Turf, Field and Farm* says: The Marquis of Hastings of late hat met with a series of disasters on the turf. His winnings have been great, and his losses immense. Kangaroo has turned out to be worthless; he has started several times but has been defeated with the greatest ease. The horse cost the Marquis $60,000. At the Chelmsford meeting he succeeded in winning a race over third rate horses, and was entered to be sold for $1,500, but not a single bid could be obtained for him.

Samantha Procter, who has commenced the suit in Chicago for breach of promise against Ira Y. Munn, Esq., is better known as Madam Cora James, a famous fortune teller, who has been engaged for the past six or eight months in a fierce fight with editors, lawyers, etc. The affair creates much excitement here to-day, especially on the Board of Trade, where Mr. Munn is recognized as a leading man. He is one of Chicago's best citizens. Samantha will plead her own cause before the Court.

LETTER FROM GEN. HINDMAN.

His Views on Politics.

Disagreeing with General Hindman as to the advice which he gives the people of Arkansas to vote for a Convention, we comply with pleasure with the request that we should publish the following:

HELENA, ARK., June 29, 1867.

Messrs. Woodruff and Bleecker, Editors Arkansas State Gazette:

GENTLEMEN: It would be arrogant in me to suppose that any opinion of mine could be influential with the public, unpardoned and disfranchised as I am, and disseverred by six years of war and exile from political affairs. But it can scarcely be expected even of a man whose present and future is so humble, that he will silently acquiesce in calculations that give the lie to all the past professions of his life, placing him in the shameful attitude of not only deceiving the people who trusted him in peace and war, but of uniting with their victorious enemies to persecute and oppress them.

Influenced by these considerations, I venture to ask space in your columns for an emphatic and indignant denial of the report, somewhat widely circulated, as I am now informed, that I have affiliated with the Radical party, indorsing its principles and policy. There never was the slightest foundation for this rumor, unless in the circumstance that I attended a recent no-party meeting in this place, and afterwards presented its resolutions to a mass meeting of whites and negroes, urging the former to register and vote, and the latter to shun all Radical means and doctrines. A summary of my remarks on that occasion was printed in the Helena *Clarion*, and no one who heard me or saw that publication could, by any possibility, have failed to comprehend my position, which was broadly and distinctly defined.

Perhaps, as "thrift follows fawning," it might benefit me, in some respects, to barter consistency and honor for a place in the Radical ranks. In that case, the disabilities that are now illegally enforced against me might readily be removed, a full and free pardon extended, and the avenue to political distinction reopened before me. But I cannot pay such a price for such rewards, and the men who think they can purchase my manhood have not the known my real character and are not able to appreciate it.

Yet, notwithstanding the foregoing conclusions, I believe it to be a most solemn duty of every friend of the South, who is permitted to do so, to register and vote for a convention, and for good and true men as delegates. Whether the registers in the Military bills of Congress, not because those bills are constitutional, just, or wise, but because the power that forces them on us is greater than we can resist, and utter and permanent ruin may overwhelm us in a further contest against it. Such reasoning as this controlled Lee and Johnston when they surrendered to Grant and Sherman, and, as there was no disgrace to them, so there can be none to us, in succumbing to an invincible necessity.

At all events, waiving the differences of opinion that may naturally exist as to the propriety of voting, I would, if the opportunity was mine, appear in the most earnest manner to all Arkansians to secure their registration certificates without delay, and preserve them as carefully as the brave soldier saves his last round of ammunition. Those certificates are the basis of suffrage now, if not for years. Holding them, we may refuse to vote when we like; but if we do not hold them, we will be powerless to help our best friends or shield us from our worst enemies may thereby be elected. Suppose that a Governor and Congressmen are to be chosen. On one side a Radical ticket is presented, howling for confiscation and the blood of rebels, and stirring up the negroes to a ferocious war of races. On the other side, the candidates are fair minded conservative men, abiding the result of the war in a spirit of faith, maintaining the Union and the laws in all honesty of heart, and bent on doing everything that will extinguish bitter memories and restore prosperity to the whole country. The first of these tickets will destroy us—the last will give equality before the law. Yet so many of us have refused to register that our friends are beaten in the State or District for the lack of a few votes, lost by that neglect of ours. Our ultra Radical persecutors are thus elected, and we make ourselves responsible here for such outrageous tyranny as that of Fletcher in Missouri, or of Brownlow in Tennessee. How dare a true friend of the South take this burthen on his conscience?

Following out these views, it seems to me the plain and imperious duty of Conservative men at once to organize as a party, throughout the State, and in every district, county and township, for the purpose of resisting Radicalism at every step, whether in public debate, or at the roadside, or in the corn and cotton rows, or under the cabin roof, whence poor negroes are driven forth, by wolves in sheep's clothing, to secret night meetings and Sabbath day conventicles, with the false threat held over them that they will be punished by fines and imprisonment if they refuse to attend, or do not swear to vote for Radical candidates. If boldly met, such paltry tricksters as these are easily enough defeated, and the negro, notwithstanding his ignorance and credulity, may yet be saved from following Radical leaders into a hopeless crusade against a superior race—a contest that will destroy him as certainly as it has destroyed the Indian.

If controversy could have been avoided, and a generous union of all the people brought about for the purpose of reconstructing," without partisan influences or alms, it would have been far better, in all aspects of the case. An attempt of this sort was made here, in our county of Phillips, but it has wholly come to nought, for the Radical managers threw off the mask before the meeting adjourned, and have now set themselves up as the sole representatives of the government, holding out confiscation as a bribe to the negro and as a scourge to the Southern white man. Meeting the issue thus forced upon us may lose a few counties where the negro element predominates, but it ought to have, and surely will have the opposite effect in other localities, where white men largely outnumber the blacks, and are not willing to be ruled by negro minorities. In this way the Conservative party will elect a decisive majority of delegates to the convention, and be enabled to shape the future policy of the State. After that the exotic weed of Radicalism will die out in our midst, its white teachers and preachers will disappear, and its deluded colored converts will be glad to labor quietly with and for their old masters, who are their best friends.

Yours, very respectfully,
T. C. HINDMAN.

MEETING OF THE CITIZENS OF NASHVILLE.

Copy of the Resolutions Adopted.

A large meeting of the citizens of Nashville convened in pursuance of the proclamation of the Mayor, to consider the lawlessness existing in the State, and in Nashville, growing out of the course being pursued by the existing State authorities, was held on Wednesday night. Several speeches were made, and the following resolutions unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, This numerous assemblage of the citizens of Nashville, of all classes, orders and races, has been invited hither for the purpose of taking into calm and dispassionate consideration certain movements of recent occurrence in this vicinage, calculated seriously to endanger the public peace; and

WHEREAS, Various facts have been laid before this meeting, having more or less connection with the movements aforesaid, and of a nature demanding a formal and distinct expression of the opinions and sentiments of this much misrepresented and much misunderstood community, in regard to matters of the most intense concern to all truly patriotic and law abiding citizens: therefore, be it

Resolved, That the citizens of Nashville, in common with a large majority of their fellow citizens in every part of this truly loyal and patriotic State are intensely desirous to restore peace, harmony and fraternal feeling among all classes of our people, and in every section of our wide spread Republic, and are now willing, as they have ever been, to make all sacrifices, either of interest or feeling, to which they could with honor submit, for the happy preservation of the public quiet, the firm and steady maintenance of law and order, and the perpetuation of that civil equality and freedom which they recognize as by far the most valuable heritage that they have derived from their heroic and virtuous ancestors, to

Resolved, That we will in future cheerfully submit, as it has been our pride heretofore to do, to the constituted authorities of the Republic, both State and national; that we confidently rely upon the future protection of a kindly and paternal National Government, and acknowledge with fervent gratitude the just and magnanimous conduct of the distinguished personages in command of this military district; and we return special thanks to our esteemed fellow citizen, General Duncan, at present in charge of this military post, for his just, manly and impartial exercise of the high and delicate powers confided to him, from which we have derived so much advantage and comfort in the past, and to whose future mild and impartial course we confidently look for our repose, our safety and our happiness, amidst the peculiar evils and embarrassments by which we have been, for some time past, so deplorably surrounded.

Resolved, That a committee of fifteen be appointed, whose duty it shall be to draw up and transmit to the two Houses of Congress and the President of the United States, a memorial setting forth, clearly and forcibly, the grievances which the people of Tennessee are now enduring, and asking relief therefrom.

RULES IN BANKRUPTCY.

Announced by Judge C. F. Trigg, in Court at Knoxville, July 8th.

The following have been adopted as Rules in Bankruptcy for the several District Courts of the United States, within the State of Tennessee, and the Clerks of the respective Courts will enter the same upon the minutes of the Court, and furnish a copy thereof to each of the Registers within the District as soon as practicable after the same shall have been so entered:

RULE 1.

In *voluntary* bankruptcy the petition shall be referred, by Form No. 14, to the Register in the Congressional District which embraces the county stated in the petition as that wherein the debtor, whether an individual, a copartnership, a corporation, or a joint stock company, has resided or carried on business for the six months next immediately preceding the time of filing the petition, or for the longest period during such six months. A petition may be otherwise referred for special reasons, or in cases not herein provided for.

The order, Form No. 4, designating the Register to act upon the petition in *voluntary* bankruptcy, in *involuntary* bankruptcy, shall in like case specify at what place the meeting of the creditors will be held, the office of the Register as designated by him by a writing filed with the Clerk. And in case of the residence or place of business of the debtor being in any county other than that of Knox, Davidson or Shelby, the order, Form No. 4, in voluntary bankruptcy, shall specify as the *place* where the Register shall act upon the matters arising under the same, the office of the Register, in Congress, not because those bills are constitutional, just, or wise, but because the power that forces them on us is greater than we can resist, and utter and permanent ruin may overwhelm us in a further contest against it. Such reasoning as this controlled Lee and Johnston when they surrendered to Grant and Sherman, and, as there was no disgrace to them, so there can be none to us, in succumbing to an invincible necessity.

At all events, waiving the differences of opinion that may naturally exist as to the propriety of voting, I would, if the opportunity was mine, appear in the most earnest manner to all Arkansians to secure their registration certificates without delay, and preserve them as carefully as the brave soldier saves his last round of ammunition. Those certificates are the basis of suffrage now, if not for years. Holding them, we may refuse to vote when we like; but if we do not hold them, we will be powerless to help our best friends or shield us from our worst enemies may thereby be elected. Suppose that a Governor and Congressmen are to be chosen. On one side a Radical ticket is presented, howling for confiscation and the blood of rebels, and stirring up the negroes to a ferocious war of races. On the other side, the candidates are fair minded conservative men, abiding the result of the war in a spirit of faith, maintaining the Union and the laws in all honesty of heart, and bent on doing everything that will extinguish bitter memories and restore prosperity to the whole country. The first of these tickets will destroy us—the last will give equality before the law. Yet so many of us have refused to register that our friends are beaten in the State or District for the lack of a few votes, lost by that neglect of ours. Our ultra Radical persecutors are thus elected, and we make ourselves responsible here for such outrageous tyranny as that of Fletcher in Missouri, or of Brownlow in Tennessee. How dare a true friend of the South take this burthen on his conscience?

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Resolved, That the citizens of Nashville, in common with a large majority of their fellow citizens in every part of this truly loyal and patriotic State are intensely desirous to restore peace, harmony and fraternal feeling among all classes of our people, and in every section of our wide spread Republic, and are now willing, as they have ever been, to make all sacrifices, either of interest or feeling, to which they could with honor submit, for the happy preservation of the public quiet, the firm and steady maintenance of law and order, and the perpetuation of that civil equality and freedom which they recognize as by far the most valuable heritage that they have derived from their heroic and virtuous ancestors, to

Resolved, That we will in future cheerfully submit, as it has been our pride heretofore to do, to the constituted authorities of the Republic, both State and national; that we confidently rely upon the future protection of a

RULE 2.

Whenever a petition is referred to a register in a voluntary case, and whenever, in an involuntary case, the order is made on an adjudication of bankruptcy, referring the case to a register, the clerk, at the time he sends or delivers to the register a copy of the order of reference, shall pay to him the sum of twenty dollars out of the fifty dollars deposited with the clerk under section 47 of the act, the same to be applied to the payment of such fees of the register as are chargeable to the petitioner making the deposit. Whenever, by a return of the fees so chargeable for services rendered by him, it shall appear that the aggregate amount of such fees exceeds the aggregate payments made thereon to the register out of the fifty dollars, and of such a nature demanding a formal and distinct expression of the opinions and sentiments of this much misrepresented and much misunderstood community, in regard to matters of the most intense concern to all truly patriotic and law abiding citizens: therefore, be it

Resolved, That the citizens of Nashville, in common with a large majority of their fellow citizens in every part of this truly loyal and patriotic State are intensely desirous to restore peace, harmony and fraternal feeling among all classes of our people, and in every section of our wide spread Republic, and are now willing, as they have ever been, to make all sacrifices, either of interest or feeling, to which they could with honor submit, for the happy preservation of the public quiet, the firm and steady maintenance of law and order, and the perpetuation of that civil equality and freedom which they recognize as by far the most valuable heritage that they have derived from their heroic and virtuous ancestors, to

Resolved, That we will in future cheerfully submit, as it has been our pride heretofore to do, to the constituted authorities of the Republic, both State and national; that we confidently rely upon the future protection of a

RULE 9.

In pursuance of Rule 28, of the "General Orders in Bankruptcy," the following National Banks, in the respective Districts, are designated as those in which all moneys, received by assignees or paid into Court in the course of any proceedings in Bankruptcy, shall be deposited, namely:

In the District of East Tennessee—The First National Bank, at Knoxville.

In the District of Middle Tennessee—The First National Bank, at Nashville.

In the District of West Tennessee—The First National Bank, at Memphis.

All moneys received by the Clerk of the Court on account of any bankrupt estate, or paid into Court in the course of any proceedings in bankruptcy, (except the sums deposited with the Clerk under section 47 of the act,) shall be deposited in that Bank which is in the District in which the Court is held, of which he is the Clerk; and in like manner all sums received by an assignee on account of any estate of which he is assignee, shall be deposited in that Bank which is in the district in which he is elected or appointed. The check for drawing moneys, deposited by the Clerk, shall be signed by the Clerk, and countersigned by the Judge; and the check for drawing moneys, deposited by an assignee, shall be signed by him and countersigned by the Register designated to act in the case of the estate, on account of which such moneys were deposited.

RULE 10.

In case of the absence of the Judge at the time and place noticed or appointed for any hearing or proceeding before him in bankruptcy, or if the matter then fails to be called or acted on, the same shall be deemed continued, without other order, to the next sitting of the Court thereafter, at which time the like proceedings may be had thereupon as if first noticed or appointed for such day.

HORRIBLE CRIME.

The Persons of Two Little Girls Outraged by a Negro.

The Villain Arrested and Held for Trial.

From the St. Louis Times, 10th.]

Where are we drifting to? No sooner is one crime noted and duly commented upon by the public, than another is committed, more appalling than the first. The spirit of demoralization, of devilry, of general carousedness, appears to have broken loose in our midst, and every day reveals some fresh act of brutality and outrage. A remedy is loudly demanded—some quick, sturdy and sure means by which these brutal crimes can be prevented, punished; and all classes of law abiding citizens should apply their strength and influence to the task of weeding out all suspicious characters and forever banishing them from the haunts of civilization.

At the police station yesterday morning, a negro named Henry Innes, thirty-six years old, was brought up, charged with committing the horrid crime of rape upon two little girls. The names of the victims are Mary Miller and Alice Whalen. The former is nine and the latter eight years of age, and both are quite intelligent and good looking. Last Saturday evening the negro decoyed them into his den on Ninth and Walnut streets, and there, after first resorting to bribe, offering one of the girls some soda and candy, and the other twenty-five cents, he accomplished his purpose, and outraged the persons of both. The youngest girl is the greatest sufferer, the fiend first compelling her to submit to his desires, while, incredible as it may seem, he compelled the other girl to stand near by and witness the dishonor which was shortly to be perpetrated upon her. We have no desire to recount the full particulars; suffice it to say that both children met the same fate, and that having satiated his desires upon the helpless victims, he turned them out in the street, threatening them with instant death if they related to their mothers what kind of work had happened. Bewildered, frightened and scarcely knowing what to do, the children found their way home, and soon related the story. An examination of their persons confirmed the statement and also disclosed that they had been fearfully injured. The negro was at once arrested and lodged in the calaboose. He denies the whole charge, of course, but this will not save him. He is a dull, apathetic, stolid-looking brute, with not half the comprehension of a gorilla, an eye as expressionless as a dead codfish, and a double row of teeth in his mouth, bearing a strong resemblance to a cellar way hung full of candles. We understand that he has before attempted the crime of rape upon different girls in that vicinity, but who have successful until the present instance. It is hard saying what punishment should be meted out to such a villian, but it is to be hoped that he will be visited with the severest penalties of the law. If mob law was ever justifiable, it would be in his case.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

P. G. TERRY, Late Hicks, Terry & Co. — W. R. MITCHELL, Late Comm. Hdl. &c.

TERRY & MITCHELL,

Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS, SHOES & HATS,

Have Removed to

No. 329 Main Street, Eclipse Building.

HAVE received their SPRING STOCK direct from Manufacturers, which will be kept complete, during the season by constant additions.

F. BACHLY,

Manufacturer of Gentlemen's

Boots, Shoes & Gaiters,

NO. 341 MAIN STREET,

MEMPHIS, - - - - - TENN.

All kinds of Repairing Neatly Executed on Short Notice

MULLER & FASSMAN,

MANUFACTURERS OF

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 20 Jefferson Street,

Between Main and Front st., MEMPHIS, TENN.

An assortment of Boots and Shoes for genis' wear constantly on hand. Boots, Shoes and Gaiters made to order. Repairing neatly done.

E. S. PLUMMER,

SUCCESSOR TO PLUMMER & CO.,

201 Main Street,

Will Sell Very Low for Cash:

3000 REAMS WRAPPING PAPER.

150 cases Matches, 100 cases Brooms,
1000 sacks Corn, 500 sacks Oats, Rye or
300 bales Hay, Bran,
100 barrels Meal, 100 cases Assorted
50 " Pickles, Apples,
50 packages Candles, 20 packages Butter
4 kegs Cabbage, Etc., etc.
Always have a large Steamboat or Store.

J. R. SHARPE. M. C. KING.

SHARPE & KING,

DEALERS IN

PETROLEUM VAPOR STOVES

Stratton Self-Generating Gas Light,

No. 330 Second Street, near Union,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Sole Agents for the Tennessee "Stove and Gas Light Company, for the Sale of District and County Rights.

Every article sold by us made to perform as represented or money refunded on return of article. Articles sent to any part of the State.

For Lease or Sale.

SEVERAL BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOTS, fronting on the Hernando road, only one quarter of a mile from corporation line. This is one of the most desirable localities in the suburbs, combining nearly all facilities of living in the city; enjoying pure air, and avoiding payment of city taxes. Apply to

JOHN DONOVAN,
Clerk's Office, Greenlaw Building

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

281 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.

MILLER'S

CAPITOL SALOON,

IN THE REAR OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

THE undersigned will open the above Saloon on MONDAY, 15th instant, at 10 o'clock A.M., when he will be happy to receive and entertain his friends and the public.

We will at all times keep the finest Wines and Liquors in this country, and among them Old Martell "Red Seal" Brandy and Heidsieck" Whisky.

GEORGE W. MILLER,
Formerly at Commercial Hotel.

CORPORATION NOTICES.

Standing Committees.

Be it Ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

That any resolution, petition or ordinance that may be referred by this Board to any standing committee, shall be reported upon by said committee within two months, or the presider shall have the right to remove said committee, position or committee to another committee, or ask the Board's action on same.

Adopted July 7, and approved July 8, 1867.

W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.

Attest—L. R. RICHARDS, Register.

Public Parks.

Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

That, from and after the passage of this ordinance, it shall be unlawful to hold assemblages of any kind in Court or Market Square, and that the keepers of said Squares are instructed to prohibit large assemblages from congregating in them for any purpose.

Approved May 21, 1867.

W. O. LOFLAND, Mayor.

Attest—L. R. RICHARDS, City Register.

Privilege Ordinance.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

That from and after the passage of this ordinance, privilege licenses for the following business occupations shall be as follows:

For peddling fruits each person shall pay twenty dollars annually.

Stock insurance companies, or every person engaged in said business, shall pay one hundred dollars annually.

Outdoor exhibitions, for gain, shall pay twenty dollars quarterly.

Shows or exhibitions within doors, for gain, shall pay one hundred and fifty dollars quarterly.

On all sums imported over one hundred thousand dollars of groceries, fifteen dollars; and other merchandise, twenty one dollars for each additional ten thousand dollars shall be paid by every firm or person doing business.

All ordinances or parts of ordinances coming in conflict with any of

WANTS.

WANTED—A PARTNER, with a cash capital of $5,000, in a most excellent paying business. For particulars call on or address J. E. SUTTON, No. 241 Third street.

WANTED—A situation as Druggist, by a gentleman who has had a thorough practical experience in the business, and is a competent prescription clerk; not for want of an office, but the present is a favorable opportunity for a change. Satisfactory reference given. Address "DRUGGIST," Avalanche office. jy12-1w

A GENTS WANTED—For the newest, cheapest and best selling Family Sewing Machine ever invented. Price $25. It uses two threads, and makes the genuine Lock Stitch. All other low priced machines make the Chain Stitch, which ravels and rips. Agents furnished with a pony of Lexington Patents. Exclusive territory given. Send for circulars. H. M. NELCH & CO., 281 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED—A Southern lady, thoroughly qualified, desires a situation as Teacher in a school or Governess in a family. For particulars enquire of M. E. TREZEVANT, 21 Jefferson street, corner Main.

WANTED—Twenty WOOD CHOPPERS and a man to take charge of a wood yard. 8 pos*. W. J. CRAWFORD & CO., 42 Poplar street.

WANTED—Employment by two young men, Germans of excellent character and skill, who are carpenters, yet are willing to do any kind of work. They can be seen or addressed with the English language, and will work faithfully for a moderate compensation. Apply to F. W. DARKEY, Chelsea, Shelby county, Tenn. jy9-1w

A PPRENTICE WANTED—To learn the Barber and Hair Dressing business, at Dentistry in all its branches. A young man having a taste, or a young man who would like to learn the business, will find a good situation with board and lodging, by calling on ANTHONY SCHLUTER, No. 407 Main street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A Dwelling House on Monroe street, near Second, containing four rooms and kitchen. Apply on the premises. CHARLES JONES.

FOR RENT—The house in Court street, and part of Furniture for sale. Apply on the premises.

TO RENT—Two desirable NEW RESIDENCES, with all necessary outbuildings, on the corner of Poinsoue and St. Martin streets. For terms apply to S. S. LLOYD, 26 Main street.

FOR RENT—Residence, No. 500 Main street; five rooms basement and servant's room. None but a good tenant need apply. Terms made known on the premises.

FOR RENT—A nice RESIDENCE on Rose street, south of Orleans alley, containing six rooms and kitchen, with the Real street cars. Rent low. Object, a good tenant until 1st of January. Apply at Allen House, corner Washington and Second streets; or to W. W. ALLEN, 221 Main street.

FOR RENT—Four nice Sleeping Rooms. Any one wanting a good and pleasant room can get one cheap by early application to FRANK SALALAMACHIA, No. 15 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—If you want a neat COTTAGE with five rooms, a good cistern, situated in a neat and healthy locality, then call at Avery street, No. 224, without delay.

FOR RENT—The back ROOM on fourth floor of AVALANCHE building. Apply at AVALANCHE counting room.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—For rent, with board, a large, airy front room, in the house northwest corner Second and Washington streets. No. 191. Apply on the premises, up stairs, to Mrs. MARTIN.

BOARDING—A pleasant ROOM, with board for a gentleman and lady, at reasonable rates; also, a few day boarders. Call at No. 284 Third street, between Gayoso and Beal streets. References exchanged.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—A tract of land containing about one hundred and four acres, lying on north side of New Raleigh road, two and a half miles from Court Square. It is divided into lots containing from two and a half to six acres; each lot fenced off so that those desiring to purchase can see the exact boundary. This land is equal in quality to any in Shelby county. It will suit for residence lots and for gardening purposes. Terms—one half cash; one half in one year, with interest from date of purchase. Those desiring to purchase can apply at the office of Mr. WM. M. TERRELL, or at the land. Mr. CHARLES JONES will show the land can be seen.

FOR SALE—Buggy, Saddle and Wagon Horses and Mules at the Overton Stables, opposite the Overton Hotel. Apply to JOSEPH H. GIBSON. jy10-1w

FOR SALE—One STEAM ENGINE, in complete running order. Apply at the Eagle Mill, corner Linden street, Eighteen horse power. For terms apply to GEORGE M. GREELEY & CO., Poplar Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

FOR SALE—Three BRUNSWICK BILLIARD TABLES, in good order, all complete. Apply to BONNARRAT & BOHLMAN, Memphis, Tenn.

FOR SALE—A large, first-class, WATER-TANK, in good order. Apply at the office.

REWARDS.

$10 REWARD—STRAYED—One large SORREL MULE 10 with scant tail, halter burned on left jaw, feet sore on the fore feet, and shod all round. The above reward will be paid to any one who will deliver said mule to Forrest's Stable, on Adams street. FRED A. MYERS.

LOST.

LOST—All persons are warned against trading for a note I executed to Bowdin, a blacksmith of Canada, who said to have been in Memphis last November. Any information of his present whereabouts will be thankfully received at this office, and will be cheerfully transmitted to the afflicted widowed mother and his sorrowing brothers in Canada. Immediate editors copying this notice, will entitle themselves to the prayers and gratitude of those bereaved hearts in whose interest we make this appeal.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the firm of HICKS & HARVEY was dissolved February 19, A. D., 1867, and that the undersigned has taken the assets and liabilities of said firm, and assumes the sum of $4,000; and the public are warned against trading for said stock, etc., as the same is now in Hicks' name. R. E. SMITH.

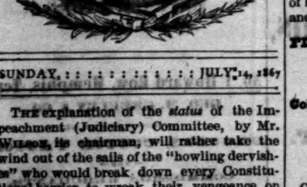
MOTH AND FRECKLES—The only reliable remedy for those brown discolorations on the face called Moth Patches and Freckles, is PERRY'S CELEBRATED COMPLEXION LOTION, prepared only by Dr. R. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, 49 Bond street, New York. Sold by all druggists in Memphis and elsewhere. Price $1 per Bottle.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE—R. F. C. BROOKS is announced as the Radical candidate for Representative in the Lower House of the Legislature from Shelby county.

FOR SENATOR—We are authorized to announce Hon. JOHN W. SMITH as a candidate for re-election to the Senate from Shelby and Fayette counties.

FOR CONGRESS—We are authorized to announce Hon. JNO. W. LEFTWICH as a candidate for reelection to Congress.



SUNDAY, JULY 14, 1867

THE explanation of the *status* of the Impeachment (Judiciary) Committee, by Mr. WILSON, its chairman, will rather take the wind out of the sails of the "howling dervishes" who would break down every Constitutional barrier, to wreak their vengeance on any one who had dared attempt to thwart their wicked will. It shows that the Radical members were, and are, divided among themselves, and that the President need not at present entertain the slightest apprehension of danger from impeachment. Although the committee was expected to hunt up sufficient rubbish to give color to the case sought to be made out, they are not agreed that sufficient grounds have been discovered, on which to base such important action, and hence the President is permitted to glide on uninterruptedly toward the completion of his term, interposing as much as, under the circumstances, could be expected of his personal effort to stay the madness of the hour, and resist the sweeping attempts to revolutionize the Government by demoralizing the Constitution to such extent as to render it worthless, or over-riding its barriers, as though they had no significance, and were so intended by their immortal builders. When the committee itself is divided, concert of action cannot be anticipated when it shall come to report, and thus without the aid of party lash and the despotism of King Caucus, if THAD. STEVENS do not inflict the gag upon discussion, a long and protracted debate must ensue, in the course of which there must be no small amount of crimination and recrimination—a consequence that the leaders would by all means avoid, as dangerous to their organization and the perpetuity of their reign. Strenuous efforts have been made to have an adjourned meeting in October, for the purpose of considering the impeachment question. STEVENS objects to an October session, unless the report of the Committee and the evidence are submitted now, to be printed, so that they may be in the hands of the members to prepare them for the discussion that is anticipated. He is not concerned that reasons for the impeachment of the President shall be substantiated and fortified, but affects to think they are "patent to everybody"—thus exhibiting anxiety that others should be governed by prejudices and convictions growing out of *ex parte* assertions such as sway him. This position is assumed by the Radical leader, in the face of the fact that the chairman of the committee announces that the investigation is incomplete, and even a portion of the evidence already taken is in the notes of the reporter, and have not been written out. Those of the committee who urge the impeachment are in the minority, and the undue haste they manifest, plainly shows that they are the instruments of any high-handed measure contemplated, and are governed in their action by foregone conclusions, rather than logical results derived from investigation. They depend upon party discipline and facile consciences to carry their point. If noses can be counted they may succeed, but the more clear-sighted and less credulous members will not encounter a prospect of damage, even to gratify party and personal resentment.

In the Senate, Mr. NYE, in the course of his remarks upon the Reconstruction bill, announced, substantially, that he would never consent to admit the Southern States until all rebels were disfranchised, and he did not believe those States would be loyal until every rebel in them is dead.

The benevolent Mr. NYE, here reported by the special Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, has certainly entitled himself to a high seat in the Radical synagogue, and should be wrapped closely to the *great* Radical heart! There are doubtless many of his way of thinking, but for the most part are not so hard headed, (or soft headed, may be,) as to make public announcement of the stubbornness which must be overcome to drive sense into their blockheads. Some estimate may be formed of the undying and unmitigable hate entertained by the narrow minded and narrow hearted men of the North for everything that is Southern, and for those who possess the feelings springing from natural instincts—the love of one's native land. Had such fellows the power, how suddenly the executioner would be brought into requisition and the day of *atonement* begin! The thought expressed was the sequence of the wish. He would hold the Southern *States* in thrall, until the present and the succeeding generation shall have passed away. Perhaps in that time, by Puritanical fraud and migration, he hopes the fair fields of the South would groan under the infliction of a Yankee population, ready to echo the behests of Northern politicians and blot out the last vestige of political freedom. Or perhaps his obtuseness never glanced beyond the apparent political necessities of the hour.

A YEAR or two before the war, the "abominable BROWNLOW" came to Memphis to deliver a political lecture at Odd Fellows' Hall, being invited to do so by—himself. In the course of that lecture he, in substance, said: "My friends, I have tried to do my duty in this world, as an accountable being—as a man and as a Christian minister; and, when I depart this life, I confidently expect to go to the mansions of the blest. Yes, my friends, when I die I am pretty sure I shall go straight to Heaven. Having fought the good fight and kept the faith here on earth, I hope to be admitted to the great reward. But, my friends, when I have shuffled off this mortal coil, and entered into that happy place, and shall look around among the untold myriads of the just made perfect in that blissful abode, should I, by any chance, any strange, unaccountable peradventure, behold among those happy things a single, s—k—g Abolitionist, of any nation, clime, or color, be he Jew, Gentile or Hottentot, *I shall at once just swear, that there has been cheatin' at the door!*" This "striking incident" is attested by scores of our old citizens, who were present on the occasion, referred to, and heard BROWNLOW make substantially the above remarks. As Governor BROWNLOW is now a brother Abolitionist himself, and a Radical one at that, of course, he, too, has given up all hope of going to Heaven, unless, "perchance," he can, Abolition-Yankee-like, bring about a little "*cheatin' at the door.*"

THE Grenada *Sentinel* is the title of a paper published at Grenada, Yallabusha county, Mississippi, the first number of which has reached us. It is edited by our former fellow citizen J. AUGUSTINE SIGNAIGO, and bears many imprints of his facile and ingenious pen. Although he has paid much devotion in the train of Muses, he has not been an indifferent spectator of the great struggle that has been going on since the close of the war between freedom and free institutions and despotism with its insidious efforts to erase every landmark of liberty. His salutatory is modestly but firmly written, and cogently though briefly asserts the true doctrine that should guide the nonrepresented States in this dark hour, when it behooves them to be true to themselves, the heritage derived from the fathers of the government, and the destiny they should bequeath their children. Mr. SIGNIAGO shows himself fully equal to the position he has assumed; he is a most amiable and estimable gentleman, and we wish him a rich harvest in the field of enterprise in which he is engaged.

Mr. F. Y. ROCKET took leave of the readers of the *Evening Ledger* on yesterday, in a touching and graceful salute. We regret that the condition of his health makes necessary this separation. He has been a valuable auxiliary to the vindication of just principles in the terrible contest with its mendacious assailants, through which the country has been and is now passing. We shall hail his return to the chair editorial as a soldier would that of a wornout and sick comrade to the association of his previous service with renewed energy and health.

FLETCHER'S SPEECHES IN WEST TENNESSEE.

Colonel Cameron's Demolition of Him.

He Declines to Divide Time.

Colonel Charles S. Cameron returned to the city on yesterday from his appointments in West Tennessee. Fletcher of course refused to divide time with him. It would not have been consistent with the chronic meanness which has uniformly characterized the speakers of his party to have done otherwise. He tried the dodge of a personal indignity to Colonel Cameron at Huntingdon, which being properly resented, was promptly explained. The mass of the people of Carroll county was determined to hear Colonel Cameron, without reference to the prudent concern of Mr. Fletcher to close him out. After he got through, our champion, despite the interruptions of Hawkins' Seventh Tennessee cavalry, who freely threatened assassination, spoke for three hours, thoroughly crushing poor Fletcher, and leaving him a miserable object of pitiable contempt. Hawkins' cavalry debated as to whether they would let Colonel Cameron speak or not. He denounced them as a set of thieves and cowards, who had disgraced the United States service during the war, and said his movements were not to be directed by their "ist" or "indrance." At Trezevant Colone Cameron had a stand of his own, erected by the good people, and drew from poor Fletcher fourfifths of his audience, demonstrating to him thoroughly the contempt with which his State government is regarded by the masses. At Trenton Col Cameron's friends erected a stand, and notwithstanding the opposition of the Sheriff, and the presence of the "hen soldiers," he spoke for three hours, compelling Fletcher, for want of an audience, to wait until he got through. His excoriation of an apostate rebel named Dr. Stillwell is represented as agonizing. Fletcher at none of these appointments had over a fifth in number of the audience of Cameron, black or white, and so pleased were the people that they insisted at night upon getting up meetings and compelling the further service of the Colonel in evening addresses.

Honorable John Nugent, of California, is an applicant for the Mexican mission, backed by the California delegation.

Bismarck is said to have remarked of the French Emperor's late grand military show: "It is more amusing than war; but it is not war."

His Majesty the Emperor of Austria has finally decided to visit Paris, and has fixed the period of his visit during the month of September.

Two business firms in Liverpool, Messrs. Bopd & Beeber, and Messrs. Meller & Southall, largely engaged in the Brazilian trade, have suspended payment.

A Pittsfield, Massachusetts, woman wore thirty thousand dollars' worth of diamonds at a wedding party lately. Her husband was a quartermaster of the loyal stripe.

The Grenada *Advocate* says: Captain T. Mills, formerly of this vicinity, was shot and killed on the 9th instant, by a Mr. Renfroe, who was a partner in the farm. It is said that their wives fell out about some chickens, while Captain M. was absent; that upon his return she stated the difficulty and therefore Captain M. went to see Mr. Renfroe, which resulted in his death.

Nashville and its Surroundings.

MELROSE, (near Nashville,) July 12, 1867.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: In this palatial mansion, the far famed country retreat of Mrs. Aaron V. Brown, and her popular and accomplished daughter, Mrs. Narcissa Saunders, I find an enjoyable repose that makes me look towards your den in the city with pitying eyes and regretful heart, that you cannot leave your treadmill of thought and participate with me in the delights and happiness that are found here. The surroundings are incomparably lovely. From every point the scenery is beautiful, magnificent and gorgeous. The vicinity is peculiarly fruitful in its variety of mountain, hill, dale and valley. The elegant ladies who maintain this princely establishment dispense a munificent hospitality to their innumerable friends and visitors, with a charming grace that would do honor to a baronial mansion of the English courtly style. The favorable issue of their late protracted and harrassing litigation, that excited such an extraordinary amount of attention in this section and elsewhere, has brought them innumerable visitors and congratulations on their welcomed and gratifying success. Mrs. Brown is suffering at present very much from the prostration incident to the harrassing circumstances attending the trial, but in this luxurious atmosphere and the repose of her matchless home, she will soon recuperate, and again ornament and grace her parlors with her elegant manners and genial smiles.

The surrounding evidences of the war are rapidly disappearing beneath the hands of improvement that are using every available appliance to evaporate and beautify this lately desolated section of country. The earthworks, rifle pits and defenses are overgrown with a thick growth of rich and luxuriant grasses, blackberries and weeds. The timbers and logs used in inserting abatis in the grounds in the climax by the sufferings and bravery of the true and faithful Confederate soldiers who once defended them. In the trees, whose limbs were dee stroyed and deadened by the rain of shot and shell, I found the ravens croaking to-day, when I passed beneath them. It is a rare commentary on the destruction of this country, that the crows fly above its desolate and ferocious fields, and sedately utter their profound caw! caw! caw! I noticed several buzzards circling above and around the capitol building. There must be carrion there. However, not having heard of Brownlow's death, I regret that the poor buzzards were disappointed. The odor that is emitted from that foul nest is sufficiently nasty to fool the most practised scent of the oldest bird of the carrion species.

Politics rage in Nashville like cholera does when it is epidemic. I do not know that it kills people so effectually, except when melees occur. Yesterday the friends of Etheridge attended him to Franklin, where he was met by a huge crowd of whites and blacks, who listened with deep and absorbed interest to his scathing exposition of Radicalism and his denunciation of the miscreatic rule Brownlow & Co. have inaugurated. The nigger relish and their white nigger allies there, were the tamest and quietest people in the world. The United States regulars remained on duty, and were prepared to warm any disturbers of the peace, after a fashion of their own.

In Nashville both parties hold meetings nightly, and exhaust all their logic and other persuasive arguments in strengthening every element of their power for the approaching election combat. Drums and fifes disturb the air with their hideous notes; shouts are heard, applauding the sallies of the speakers; torch-lights and everything that is calculated to excite both sides, are in vogue. The entire section is undergoing an earthquake sort of operation, that will result in the most decisive action the State has ever experienced. Business being very dull, permits the people to apply themselves to politics, and causes them to abandon themselves to much forebodding.

The effects of these numerous political meetings in the country are proving very deleterious to the agricultural interests. In many sections the corn is suffering greatly for the want of attention. Many fields of cotton are so completely grassed that they have been abandoned. Tobacco is doing indifferently, and will make handsome returns to the planters. A very large portion of the wheat is still in shocks and stacks in the fields, awaiting the peregrinating threshers. There was an immense amount of wheat planted last season, and the harvest was the most bountiful ever known. From every quarter I learn that the farmers propose planting much more largely of cereals for the next crop than they did the past. With overflowing granaries, we can smile at the late famine days, and enjoy the exquisite satisfaction of being relieved from the dominion and control of the Northwest. Some of our good people are afraid that the Radicals, hearing of our full granaries and plentiful crops, will push more vindictive y against us their villainous schemes of confiscation.

A great deal of rain has fallen here lately, and the growing crops have been benefitted very much by them. Along the entire length of railway, by way of the Memphis and Charleston and Nashville and Decatur roads, there have been copious showers during the past few weeks. Through all of North Alabama and Middle Tennessee, every thing growing in the fields seems to have the fullest vigor, and promises a splendid yield. The trains on the Nashville and Decatur road run fuller, especially with local travel, than any others I have seen during this summer. The road is in very fine condition, and is splendidly ballasted on rock its whole length, and is admirably managed. The schedule time for running trains is twenty miles an hour, and they run as regularly as clockwork, all of which is evidential of skill in the watchful management of its excellent officers.

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COUSIN NOURMA.

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Fortieth Congress—Extra Session.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, July 13.

A communication was presented from the Secretary of the Interior, in response to a resolution calling for information on the nature and origin of the Indian difficulties, and was ordered to be printed.

A message was received from the President. The Senate went into executive session, subsequently taking a short recess. On reassembling, a message was received from the House, announcing its action on the Reconstruction bill.

Mr. Trumbull explained that the bill was substantially the same as agreed upon by the Senate, and had no new features incorporated in it.

Mr. Sumner thought Congress had not been Radical enough; the civil governments of the South should have been swept away at once.

After considerable debate the Conference report was agreed to: Yeas—Anthony, Chandler, Cameron, Cole, Conkling, Conger, Edmondson, Fessenden, Fowler, Frelinghuysen, Grimes, Hardin, Henderson, Howard, Howe, Johnson, Morgan, Morrill (Maine), Nye, Patterson (New Hampshire), Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sumner, Thayer, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Wade, Wiley, Wilson, and Yates—31. Nays—Bayard, Buckalaw, Davis, Hendricks, Norton, and Patterson (Tennessee)—6.

The bill making an appropriation for carrying out the reconstruction bill was read twice and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Sumn or desired to introduce his universal suffrage bill, but was declared out of order.

HOUSE.

The House refused to receive a resolution, by Mr. Munger, instructing the Select Committee on Union Prisoners to inquire about the treatment of rebel prisoners of war confined in camps and prisons of the United States Government; also, as to the facts connected with the cartel for the exchange of prisoners, and why such speedy exchange was not effected.

A memorial from the Legislature of Arkansas was received and referred, asking for an appropriation for Mississippi levees.

Mr. Washburne, of Wisconsin, offered a resolution, which was agreed to by a vote 108 to 16, expressing the belief that prisoners of the United States were in no instance treated otherwise than with kindness and humanity, and this House will entertain no resolution which implies the contrary unless accompanied by a responsible charge.

Mr. Stevens presented the report of the Conference Committee on the Reconstruction bill, which was agreed to.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, July 13.

Since the capture of the City of Mexico nothing has been heard by the Imperial Government of the French Minister in that city. Napoleon has announced his intention of sending a strong fleet to Vera Cruz to retake his Minister, should he be prisoner, and to resent any indignity offered him by the Liberal Government.

FLORENCE, July 13.

Advices have been received from Rome to the effect that Garabaldians are menacing the city of Viturg.

BERLIN, July 13.

King William is about to send an envoy to the United States to make a new postal treaty.

LONDON, July 13.

Petroleum closed at Antwerp last evening at 41½ francs for standard white.

An agreement was arrived at in the House of Commons whereby the reform bill will be passed to its third reading Monday next.

VIENNA, July 12.

The Imperial Government dispatched Admiral Tegetthoff, of the Navy, to Mexico, for the body of Maximilian. The Admiral goes by way of New York.

CHERBOURG, July 13.

The Colorado, Commodore Goldsboro's flagship, and other vessels of American and European squadrons, are at anchor here.

PARIS, July 13.

M. Rouher, Secretary of State, officially informs the Corps Legislatif that the American Government refused to give up fraudulent bankrupts.

In the Corps Legislatif to-day, M. Maniver said that unless liberal reforms were realized, war would be the inevitable result. He further said the Emperor himself favored the reforms.

Consols, 94¾; Erie, 45⅝: Ill. Cent., 80⅝; 5 20s, 73¼; Atlantic, 24.

FRANKFORT, July 13.

Five-twenties, 77⅝.

LIVERPOOL, July 13.

Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales, 10,000 bales; 10½d for middling uplands; 10¾d for Orleans. Manchester markets inactive. Breadstuffs remain quiet.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 13.

In the Surratt trial, additional evidence for the defense shows that Surratt was at Canandaigua, New York, on April 15th, registering himself as John Harrison.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, July 13.

River stationary; four feet one inch in the canal.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, July 13.

Theater Comique burned this morning; value seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars; insurance forty-five thousand dollars.

DETROIT.

DETROIT, July 13.

The Supreme Court has decided that telegraph companies have a right to establish any reasonable rules; that whoever writes messages on the company's blanks, and affixes his name thereto, adopts its conditions and is bound by them.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 13.

Cotton unchanged; sales 1,200 bales; uplands 26 @26½c. Flour better; $7 50 for superfine State and Western. Whiskey quiet and steady. Wheat a shade firmer. Corn dull at $1 05@1 07 for new unixed Western. Oats a shade firmer; 83c for western. Rye nominally unchanged. Coffee dull and unchanged. Sugar quiet and steady at 11⅝@12¼c for Cuba. Molasses heavy. Pork heavy at $25 10 @$25 50 for new mess.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, July 13.

Tobacco inactive and unchanged. Hemp quiet and unchanged. Flour firmer at $10 50@15 25 for XX; $14@14 75 for choice; $15@16 for fancy. Corn, 80c@$1 02. Oats firm, 80@84c. Provisions higher. Pork, $22 75@23 25. Bacon—shoulders, 10¼c; clear rib sides, 12c; clear sides, 13@13¼c; sugar cured hams, 18½@19.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, July 13.

Sales of cotton, 105 bales; low middling, 22½@ 23½c; receipts, 4,308 bales. No exports. Sugar, whites and blacks, who listened with deep and absorbed interest to his scathing exposition of Radicalism and his denunciation of the miscreatic rule Brownlow & Co. have inaugurated. The nigger relish and their white nigger allies there, were the tamest and quietest people in the world. The United States regulars remained on duty, and were prepared to warm any disturbers of the peace, after a fashion of their own.

In Nashville both parties hold meetings nightly, and exhaust all their logic and other persuasive arguments in strengthening every element of their power for the approaching election combat. Drums and fifes disturb the air with their hideous notes; shouts are heard, applauding the sallies of the speakers; torch-lights and everything that is calculated to excite both sides, are in vogue. The entire section is undergoing an earthquake sort of operation, that will result in the most decisive action the State has ever experienced. Business being very dull, permits the people to apply themselves to politics, and causes them to abandon themselves to much forebodding.

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COUSIN NOURMA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY

For the Benefit of

"THE MASONIC ORPHANS' HOME."

W. W. BOYD, Deputy Grand Master.

Principal Manager.

Established by Act of Legislature of Georgia, passed December 23, 1865.

RELIEF OF THE WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.

SINGLE NUMBER SCHEME, OR ROYAL HAVANA.

Drawn Monthly.

Prizes Payable Without Discount.

COMBINATION OR THREE NUMBER SCHEME

Drawn Daily.

Prizes $5,000 to $1 00.

Single Tickets at $1 00. Packages $5 00.

Discount on Prizes 15 per cent.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEME.

Drawn Daily.

Numbers Selected by Purchaser. Prizes, according to amount, paid.

No Discount on Prizes.

☞ All Prizes Cashed at this office.

FAY & CHANDLER, 14 Jefferson street, Memphis. Key Box 278, P. O. Agents, Tennessee.

N. B.—The public are respectfully invited to call on the General Agents for Tennessee at their offices as above, where they will receive full particulars respecting this noble charity.

Employment.

I WISH to be employed for some time, having a very limited acquaintance, both in the country and city. Salary immaterial. Can furnish satisfactory reference. Address, through the post office, C. J. R.

$100 Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for the return to me at Marianna, (P. Frazer street, of TWO MULES, or $50 each, or for each, stolen from me at Gray's Station, twenty miles from the city, on the Memphis and Charleston railroad. One, a gray mare mule, slightly fox bitten, about 13 hands high; the other, a sorrel mare mule, about 14 hands high; branded "O. B." on the shoulder; both well shaved and trimmed and in good order. J. F. HICKS.

NEW CROP TURNIP SEED.

Just received by express direct from Landreth,

AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE,

379 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

ROSENDALE and LOUISVILLE CEMENT,

NEW YORK, SANDUSKY AND LAND PLASTER.

For sale at R. G. CRAIG & CO.'S SEED STORE, 379 Main street, in the Jackson Block.

Attachment.

R. F. Poindexter vs. William Jones.

THIS plaintiff, on affidavit that the defendant is indebted to him, and has removed out of the county privately, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, having obtained an original attachment before Ben Sherrod, a Justice of the Peace for Tipton county, State of Tennessee, against the defendant, returnable before said Justice, on the fourth Monday in August next, and the same having been levied on defendant's property: It is ordered that the defendant appear before me at my office at Mason's Depot, on the fourth Monday in August next, to replevy said attachment, or it will be proceeded with as by law in such cases provided, and that this notice be published in the Memphis Weekly Avalanche for four successive weeks. Given under my hand this 4th day of July, 1867. BEN SHERROD, Justice of the Peace.

WEST TENNESSEE COLLEGE,

JACKSON, TENNESSEE.

WM. SHELTON, D. D. President.
T. W. ARNOLD, A. M., Professor of Languages.
WM. M. BERON, A. M., Professor of Mathematics.
R. L. BROCK, A. M., Professor of Physical Science.

The Session opens on WEDNESDAY, the 4th of September. The Course of Study is thorough and academic. The Expenses are Cheap. For Catalogue address the President, or to General A. W. CAMPBELL, Secretary of Board.

BARGAINS!

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

THE BALANCE OF OUR STOCK MUST BE SOLD

REGARDLESS OF COST!

To make room for our Fall Stock, we offer the remainder of our stock at

LESS THAN EASTERN COST

Rather than carry it over to next season,

For Two Weeks Only!

CONTINUATION OF

OUR GREAT CLEARING SALE

WE will guarantee our Goods to be LOWER IN PRICE than ever before off-red in this city.

We solicit an examination of our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Calico, fast color, 12½, 14 and 15 cents per yard.
Bleached Domestics, 10 cents per yard.
Brown Domestics, 10 cents per yard.
White Jaconets, 12 cents per yard.
Check Muslins, 10 to 15 cents per yard.
Linen Handkerchiefs, $1 50 per dozen.
French Worked Collars, $1 25 per pair.
Ladies' Hose, 15 cents per pair.
Gents' Half Hose, 15 cents per pair.
Ladies' Merino Vests, 25 cents per pair.
Children's Hose, from 15 cents a pair upward.
Embroideries, Trimmings, Ribbons, Laces, etc., at HALF PRICE.
Alpacca Quilts, Crib Quilts, Shawls, Towels, Napkins and Table Cloths at HALF PRICE.

Our Entire Stock is Bound to be Sold, Regardless of Cost.

Gents' White Shirts, from $1 25 to $2 50 each.
Gents' Fluted Bosom Shirts, from $1 50 to $3 50 each.
Gents' Linen Coats, from $1 to $3 each.
Gents' Cloth Pants, from $1 25 to $4 per pair.
Gents' Cassimere Vests, from $1 to $2 each.
Gents' Fine Custom Made Calf Boots, from $5 50 to $8 per pair; actually less than they can be made for.
Bo. s' Boots, from $3 50 to $5 50 per pair.
Fine Thread, Hooks and Eyes, Needles, Buttons, and a great many other useful and ornamental articles on our

CHEAP TABLES AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

Remember, FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY, continuation of

ELSON'S GREAT CLEARING SALE,

297 Main Street.

AUCTION.

Sales Future Days.

The Buntyn HOMESTEAD LANDS FOR SALE.

WE have the pleasure of placing on the market these very desirable lots, and will sell them at auction on the premises, on the Homestead Tract of the late Aaron V. Brown, situated at the first station on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, five miles east of Memphis. The tract, which is still almost twenty acres of land, have been recently sold to Reuse F. Hill, Esq., who now owns the property. The balance of the tract, consisting of about one acre, has been laid off in lots varying in size from 50 feet to one acre. Reading from Broad avenue, and laid off so as to secure the permanent enjoyment of views from the trains of the Memphis and Charleston railroad, adjoining the property, and the suburbs of the city. Broad and to Bunty's Station will be made a fine avenue, and it is intended to have it macadamized at the earliest practicable day. Plans of the subdivision can be seen at the office.

The terms will be made very liberal and easy, and the prices low to parties desirous of buying for occupation.

Plans of the subdivision can be seen at the office.

ROBERTS, TREZEVANT & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.

THE NEXT SESSION of this Institution will begin on the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER next, and end on the THIRTY-first day preceding the 4th of July, 1868.

To be admitted as a student, the applicant must be sixteen years of age. There is no other restriction on admission into this institution. Every student may select the schools he will attend, but in the academical department he must attend at least three, unless by leave of the Faculty he be allowed to attend less than three. The need of instruction is by lectures and text books, ascertained by daily examinations. The University is divided into three departments:

I. ACADEMIC.

WM. H. PETERS, A. M., Professor of Latin.
B. L. GILDERSLEEVE, A. M., Professor of Greek.
M. SCHELE De VERE, LL.D., Professor of Modern Languages.
CH. S. VENABLE, A. M., Professor of Mathematics.
LEOPOLD H. RIDDICK, Adjt., Professor of Applied Mathematics.
FRANCIS H. SMITH, A. M., Professor of Natural Philosophy.
F. MAUPIN, A. M., Professor of Chemistry.
(To be appointed September 4.) Professor of Technology and Agricultural Science.
W. H. MCGUFFEY, D. D., LL.D., Professor of Moral Philosophy.
GEO. FRED. HOLMES, LL.D., Professor of History, Literature and Rhetoric.

II. LAW

JOHN B. MINOR, LL.D., Professor of Common and Statute Law.
S. O. SOUTHALL, Professor of Constitutional and International Law, Mercantile Law and Equity.

III. MEDICAL.

(To be appointed September 4.) Professor of Medicine and Obstetrics.
J. L. CABELL, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Surgery.
R. L. DANIEL, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Materia Medica.
F. MAUPIN, M. D., Professor of Chemistry and Pharmacy.
J. S. CHANCELLOR, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

The aggregate expenses of the student, for the session of nine months, exclusive of text books, stationery and pocket money, will be about as follows:

1. For the Academic Student, attending three Professors, $90.
2. For the Law Student, attending the full course of Law, $90.
3. For the Medical Student, attending the full course of Medicine, $150.

Of these sums, respectively, $30, $30 and $50 will be required in advance, and the balance in the progress of the session. For other information, address the undersigned, or any of the schools, that of instruction, expenses, etc., address WM. H. MCGUFFEY, Secretary, or F. MAUPIN, Chairman of the Faculty, P. O. University of Virginia.

☞ The Board of Visitors will meet at the University on the 4th of September next, to appoint a Professor of Medicine and Obstetrics, and a Professor of Technology and Agriculture. A Professor of the recently created chair of Technology and Agricultural Science, is appointed by the Board. Applications should be addressed to the Rector and Visitors of the University of Virginia, care of Wm. Wertenbaker, Esq., Secretary.

F. MAUPIN, Chairman.

CUBBINS, GUNN & COOVER.

Planing Mill & Lumber Yard,

161, 163 & 165 Washington Streets,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

WE have reduced the price of LUMBER, SHINGLES, FLOORING, CEILING and WEATHER BOARDING, and are able to fill orders for CASH BUYERS as low as any lumber yard

WANTS.

WANTED—A PARTNER with a cash capital of $5,000 to $10,000, to assist manufacturing patent business. For particulars call on or address J. M. SUTTON, No. 34 Third street.

WANTED—A situation as Druggist, by a gentleman who has had charge of a drug store for the last two years. He is a competent pharmaceutist, thoroughly understands the business, and is not afraid of work. Can refer to his present employer. Would not object to go out of the country. Address "DRUGGIST," at this office. Salary moderate.

A GENTS WANTED—Ten to twenty dollars a day made with the NEW FAMILY SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Price $40. Uses two threads, and makes the genuine Lock Stitch. All other low priced machines make the Chain Stitch. Each Agent furnished with a copy of Letters Patent. Address as above given. Send for circulars.
J. BEACH & CO.,
264 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

WANTED—A Southern lady, thoroughly qualified, desires a situation as Teacher in a school or governess in a family. For particulars apply at
M. E. TREZEVANT,
21 Jefferson street, corner Main.

WANTED—Twenty WOOD CHOPPERS and a man to take charge of a wood yard. Apply to
W. J. CRASS & CO.,
41 Poplar street.

WANTED—Employment by two young men, Germans of excellent character and skill, who are engravers, yet are willing to turn their hands to almost anything. They are not acquainted with the English language, and will work faithfully for a moderate salary. Apply to F. W. GAREY, Market, No. 208 Main street, up stairs. 1y-1w

APPRENTICE WANTED—To learn the Barber and Hair Dressing business in all its branches. Parents having a son, or a young man who would like to learn the business, will find a good situation with board and lodging, by calling on ANTHONY SCHULTZE, No. 207 Main street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A Dwelling House on Monroe street, near Second, containing four rooms and kitchen. Apply to
CHARLES JONES.

FOR RENT—The house 15 Court street, and part of Furniture for sale. Apply on the premises.

TO RENT—Two desirable NEW RESIDENCES, with all necessary outbuildings, on the corner of Poinsett and St. Martin streets. For terms apply to
S.S. LLOYD,
220 Main street.

FOR RENT—Residence, No. 500 Main street; five rooms basement and servant's room. None but a good tenant need apply. For terms inquire on the premises.

FOR RENT—A nice RESIDENCE on Beal street, south side, third door west of Orleans street, within one square of the Beal street cars. Rent low. Subject to good tenant until 1st of December next. Apply at Alden House, corner Washington and Second streets; or to
W. A. ALDEN.
At Main street.

FOR RENT—Four nice Sleeping Rooms. Any one wanting a good and pleasant room can get one cheap by early application to
FRANK SALAMANCHIA,
No. 15 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—If you want a neat COTTAGE with five rooms, a good cistern, situated in a neat and healthy locality, inquire of Avery street, No. 32, without delay.

FOR RENT—The back ROOM on fourth floor of AVALANCHE building. Apply at AVALANCHE counting room.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—For rent, with board, a large, airy front room, in the house northwest corner Second and Washington streets. No. 192. Apply on the premises, up stairs, to Mrs. SMITH.

BOARDING—A pleasant ROOM, with board for a couple of gentlemen or ladies, at reasonable rates; also, a few day boarders. Inquire at No. 124 Second street, between Gayoso and Beal streets. References exchanged.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—A tract of land containing about one hundred acres, lying on north side of New Raleigh road, 1 so and a half miles from Court Square. It is divided into lots containing two and a half to six acres; each lot fenced off so that those desiring to purchase can see exact boundary. The land is equal in quality to any in Shelby county. It will suit for residence lots and for gardening purposes. Terms—one-third cash, two, three and four years credit, with interest from date of purchase. Those desiring to purchase can apply at the office of M. E. TREZEVANT & CO., 21 Jefferson street, where the land can be seen.
CHARLES JONES.

FOR SALE—Buggy, Saddle and Wagon Horses and Mules at the Overton Stables, opposite the Overton Hotel. Apply to
JOSEPH M. GIBSON.
1y10-1w

FOR SALE—One STEAM ENGINE, in complete running order, seventy-five inch stroke, eighteen inch cylinder, sixty horse power. For terms apply to
GEORGE M. GREELEY & CO.,
Foot of Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

FOR SALE—Three BRUNSWICK BILLIARD TABLES, in good order, all complete. Apply to MONSARRAT & MONTGOMERY, Arkansas street, Argus Building.

FOR SALE—A large, first-class, WATER-TANK, to greed order. Apply at this office.

REWARDS.

$10 REWARD—STRAYED—One large SORREL MULE with short tail, halter burned on left fore foot, sore on the left hind foot from the collar. Any person giving information thereof will be paid if the above described mule is left at Forrest's stable, on Adams street.
FRED A. MYERS.

LOST.

LOST—All persons are warned against trading for a note for $100, dated in May, drawn by C. T. Smith in favor of J. W. Ayres, and indorsed by said Ayres, for one hundred and fifty dollars or thereabouts, more or less, at thirty days after date. Said note having been lost or mislaid, payment is intended to be stopped for this notice.
M. H. McCLURE.

SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

INFORMATION WANTED.—Information is wanted of Mary Ann Cassidy, who is said to have been in Memphis last November. Any information of his present whereabouts if living, or his fate, if dead, will be thankfully received at this office, and will be cheerfully transmitted to his aged widowed mother and his surviving brothers in the Canadian house. Southern editors copying this notice, will entitle themselves to the prayers and gratitude of those hearts in whose interest we make this appeal.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the firm of HICKS & SMITH was dissolved February 19, A. D., 1867, and that the undersigned has a deed of trust on the stable, stock and fixtures, to secure the sum of $450; and the public are warned against trading for said stock, etc., as the same is in litigation.
R. K. SMITH.

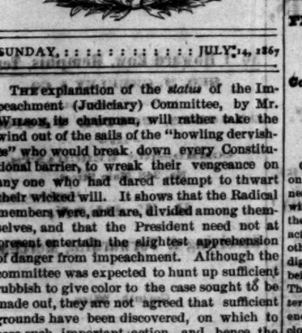
MOTH AND FRECKLES.—The only reliable remedy for those brown discolorations on the face called Moth Patches, Freckles, or CHLOASMA, is PERRELL'S MOTH LOTION, prepared only by Dr. R. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, 49 Bond street, New York. Sold by all druggists in Memphis and elsewhere. Price $1 per bottle.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE—R. F. C. BROOKS is announced as the Radical candidate for Representative in the Lower House of the Legislature from Shelby county.

FOR SENATOR—We are authorized to announce Hon. JOHN W. SMITH as a candidate for re-election to the Senate for Shelby and Fayette counties.

FOR CONGRESS—We are authorized to announce Hon. JNO. W. LEFTWICH as a candidate for re-election to Congress.



SUNDAY, : : : : : : : : : JULY 14, 1867

THE explanation of the *status* of the Impeachment (Judiciary) Committee, by Mr. WILSON, its chairman, will rather take the wind out of the sails of the "howling dervishes" who would break down every Constitutional barrier, to wreak their vengeance on any one who had dared attempt to thwart their wicked will. It shows that the Radical members were, and are, divided among themselves, and that the President need not at present entertain the slightest apprehension of danger from impeachment. Although the committee was expected to hunt up sufficient rubbish to give color to the case sought to be made out, they are not agreed that sufficient grounds have been discovered, on which to base such important action, and hence the President is permitted to glide on uninterruptedly toward the completion of his term, interposing as much as, under the circumstances, could be expected of his personal effort to stay the madness of the hour, and resist the sweeping attempts to revolutionize the Government by demoralizing the Constitution to such extent as to render it worthless, or over-riding its barriers, as though they had no significance, and were so intended by their immortal builders. When the committee itself is divided, concert of action cannot be anticipated when it shall come to report, and thus without the aid of party lash and the despotism of King Caucus, if THAD. STEVENS do not inflict the gag upon discussion, a long and protracted debate must ensue, in the course of which there must be no small amount of crimination and recrimination—a consequence that the leaders would by all means avoid, as dangerous to their organization and the perpetuity of their reign. Strenuous efforts have been made to have an adjourned meeting in October, for the purpose of considering the impeachment question. STEVENS objects to an October session, unless the report of the Committee and the evidence are submitted now, to be printed, so that they may be in the hands of the members to prepare them for the discussion that is anticipated. He is not concerned that reasons for the impeachment of the President shall be substantiated and fortified, but affects to think they are "patent to everybody"—thus exhibiting anxiety that others should be governed by prejudices and convictions growing out of *ex parte* assertions such as sway him. This position is assumed by the Radical leader, in the face of the fact that the chairman of the committee announces that the investigation is incomplete, and even a portion of the evidence already taken is in the notes of the reporter, and have not been written out. Those of the committee who urge the impeachment are in the minority, and the undue haste they manifest, plainly shows that they are ill instruments of any high-handed measure contemplated, and are governed in their action by foregone conclusions, rather than logical results derived from investigation. They depend upon party discipline and facile consciences to carry their point. If noses can be counted they may succeed, but the more clear-sighted and less truculent members will not encounter a prospect of damage, even to gratify party and personal resentment.

In the Senate, Mr. NYE, in the course of his remarks upon the Reconstruction bill, announced, substantially, that he would never consent to admit the Southern States until all rebels were disfranchised, and he did not believe those States would be loyal until every rebel in them is dead.

The benevolent Mr. NYE, here reported by the special Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, has certainly entitled himself to a high seat in the Radical synagogue, and should be wrapped closely to the *great* Radical heart! There are doubtless many of his way of thinking, but for the most part are not so hard headed, (or soft headed, may be,) as to make public announcement of the stubbornness which must be overcome to drive sense into their blockheads. Some estimate may be formed of the undying and unmitigable hate entertained by the narrow minded and narrow hearted men of the North for everything that is Southern, and for those who possess the feelings springing from natural instincts—the love of one's native land. Had such fellows the power, how suddenly the executioner would be brought into requisition and the day of *atonement* begin! The thought expressed was the sequence of the wish. He would hold the Southern *States* in thrall, until the present and the succeeding generation shall have passed away. Perhaps in that time, by Puritanical fraud and migration, he hopes the fair fields of the South would groan under the infliction of a Yankee population, ready to echo the behests of Northern politicians and blot out the last vestige of political freedom. Or perhaps his obtuseness never glanced beyond the apparent political necessities of the hour.

A YEAR or two before the war, the "abominable BROWNLOW" came to Memphis to deliver a political lecture at Odd Fellows' Hall, being invited to do so by—himself. In the course of that lecture he, in substance, said: "My friends, I have tried to do my duty in this world, as an accountable being—as a man and as a Christian minister; and, when I depart this life, I confidently expect to go to the mansions of the blest. Yes, my friends, when I die I am pretty sure I shall go straight to Heaven. Having fought the good fight and kept the faith here on earth, I hope to be admitted to the great reward. But, my friends, when I have shuffled off this mortal coil, and entered into that happy place, and shall look around among the untold myriads of the just made perfect in that blissful abode, should I, by any chance, any strange, unaccountable peradventure, behold among those happy things a single, s—k—g Abolitionist, of any nation, clime, or color, be he Jew, Gentile or Hottentot, *I shall at once just swear, that there has been cheatin' at the door!*" This "striking incident" is attested by scores of our old citizens, who were present on the occasion, referred to, and heard BROWNLOW make substantially the above remarks. As Governor BROWNLOW is now a brother Abolitionist himself, and a Radical one at that, of course, he, too, has given up all hope of going to Heaven, unless, "perchance," he can, Abolition-Yankee-like, bring about a little "*cheatin' at the door.*"

THE Grenada *Sentinel* is the title of a paper published at Grenada, Yallabusha county, Mississippi, the first number of which has reached us. It is edited by our former fellow citizen J. AUGUSTINE SIGNAIGO, and bears many imprints of his facile and ingenious pen. Although he has paid much devotion in the train of Muses, he has not been an indifferent spectator of the great struggle that has been going on since the close of the war between freedom and free institutions and despotism with its insidious efforts to erase every landmark of liberty. His salutatory is modestly but firmly written, and cogently though briefly asserts the true doctrine that should guide the nonrepresented States in this dark hour, when it behooves them to be true to themselves, the heritage derived from the fathers of the government, and the destiny they should bequeath their children. Mr. SIGNIAGO shows himself fully equal to the position he has assumed; he is a most amiable and estimable gentleman, and we wish him a rich harvest in the field of enterprise in which he is engaged.

Mr. F. Y. ROCKET took leave of the readers of the *Evening Ledger* on yesterday, in a touching and graceful salute. We regret that the condition of his health makes necessary this separation. He has been a valuable auxiliary to the vindication of just principles in the terrible contest with its mendacious assailants, through which the country has been and is now passing. We shall hail his return to the chair editorial as a soldier would that of a wornout and sick comrade to the association of his previous service with renewed energy and health.

FLETCHER'S SPEECHES IN WEST TENNESSEE.

Colonel Cameron's Demolition of Him.

He Declines to Divide Time.

Colonel Charles S. Cameron returned to the city on yesterday from his appointments in West Tennessee. Fletcher of course refused to divide time with him. It would not have been consistent with the chronic meanness which has uniformly characterized the speakers of his party to have done otherwise. He tried the dodge of a personal indignity to Colonel Cameron at Huntingdon, which being properly resented, was promptly explained. The mass of the people of Carroll county was determined to hear Colonel Cameron, without reference to the prudent concern of Mr. Fletcher to close him out. After he got through, our champion, despite the interruptions of Hawkins' Seventh Tennessee cavalry, who freely threatened assassination, spoke for three hours, thoroughly crushing poor Fletcher, and leaving him a miserable object of pitiable contempt. Hawkins' cavalry debated as to whether they would let Colonel Cameron speak or not. He denounced them as a set of thieves and cowards, who had disgraced the United States service during the war, and said his movements were not to be directed by their "let" or "hindrance." At Trezevant Colone Cameron had a stand of his own, erected by the good people, and drew from poor Fletcher fourfifths of his audience, demonstrating to him thoroughly the contempt with which his State government is regarded by the masses. At Trenton Col Cameron's friends erected a stand, and notwithstanding the opposition of the Sheriff, and the presence of the "hen soldiers," he spoke for three hours, compelling Fletcher, for want of an audience, to wait until he got through. His excoriation of an apostate rebel named Dr. Stillwell is represented as agonizing. Fletcher at none of these appointments had over a fifth in number of the audience of Cameron, black or white, and so pleased were the people that they insisted at night upon getting up meetings and compelling the further service of the Colonel in evening addresses.

Honorable John Nugent, of California, is an applicant for the Mexican mission, backed by the California delegation.

Bismarck is said to have remarked of the French Emperor's late grand military show: "It is more amusing than war; but it is not war."

His Majesty the Emperor of Austria has finally decided to visit Paris, and has fixed the period of his visit during the month of September.

Two business firms in Liverpool, Messrs. Bopd & Beeber, and Messrs. Meller & Southall, largely engaged in the Brazilian trade, have suspended payment.

A Pittsfield, Massachusetts, woman wore thirty thousand dollars' worth of diamonds at a wedding party lately. Her husband was a quartermaster of the loyal stripe.

The Grenada *Advocate* says: Captain T. Mills, formerly of this vicinity, was shot and killed on the 9th instant, by a Mr. Renfroe, who was a partner in the farm. It is said that their wives fell out about some chickens, while Captain M. was absent; that upon his return she stated the difficulty and therefore Captain M. went to see Mr. Renfroe, which resulted in his death.

Nashville and its Surroundings.

MELROSE, (near Nashville,) July 12, 1867.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: In this palatial mansion, the far famed country retreat of Mrs. AARON V. BROWN, and her popular and accomplished daughter, Mrs. Narcissa Saunders, I find an enjoyable repose that makes me look towards your den in the city with pitying eyes and regretful heart, that you cannot leave your treadmill of thought and participate with me in the delights and happiness that are found here. The surroundings are incomparably lovely. From every point the scenery is beautiful, magnificent and gorgeous. The vicinity is peculiarly Hallow in its variety of mountain, hill, dale and valley. The elegant ladies who maintain this princely establishment dispense a munificent hospitality to their innumerable friends and visitors, with a charming grace that would do honor to a baronial mansion of the English courtly style. The favorable issue of their late protracted and harrassing litigation, that excited such an extraordinary amount of attention in this section and elsewhere, has brought them innumerable visitors and congratulations on their welcomed and gratifying success. Mrs. Brown is suffering at present very much from the prostration incident to the harrassing circumstances attending the trial, but in this luxurious atmosphere and the repose of her matchless home, she will soon recuperate, and again ornament and grace her parlors with her elegant manners and genial smiles.

The surrounding evidences of the war are rapidly disappearing beneath the hands of improvement that are using every available appliance to recuperate and beautify this lately desolated section of country. The earthworks, rifle pits and defenses are overgrown with a thick growth of rich and luxuriant grasses, blackberries and weeds. The toads and frogs and insects inhabit the grounds made classic by the sufferings and bravery of the true and faithful Confederate soldiers who once defended them. In the trees, whose limbs were destroyed and defaced by the rain of shot and shell, I found the ravens croaking to-day, when I passed beneath them. It is a rare commentary on the destruction of this country, that the crows fly above its desolate and ferocious fields, and sedately utter their profound caw! caw! caw! I noticed several buzzards circling above and around the capitol building. There must be carrion there. However, not having heard of Brownlow's death, I regret that the poor buzzards were disappointed. The odor that is emitted from that foul nest is sufficiently nasty to foil the most practised scent of the oldest bird of the carrion species.

Politics rage in Nashville like cholera does when it is epidemic. I do not know that it kills people so effectually, except when melees occur. Yesterday the friends of Etheridge attended him to Franklin, where he was met by a huge crowd of whites and blacks, who listened with deep and absorbed interest to his searching exposition of Radicalism and its destruction of the unobscenic rule Brownlow & Co. have inaugurated. The nigger millish and their white nigger allies there, were the tamest and quietest people in the world. The United States regulars remained on duty, and were prepared to warn any disturbers of the peace, after a fashion of their own.

In Nashville both parties hold meetings nightly, and exhaust all their logic and other persuasive arguments in strengthening every element of their power for the approaching election combat. Drums and fifes disturb the air with their hideous notes; shouts are heard, applauding the sallies of the speakers; and demonstration of everything that is calculated to excite both sides, are in vogue. The entire section is undergoing an earthquake sort of operation, that will result in the most decisive action the State has ever experienced. Business being very dull, permits the people to apply themselves to politics, and causes them to abandon themselves to much forebroding.

The effects of these numerous political meetings in the country are proving very deleterious to the agricultural interests. In many sections the corn is suffering greatly for the want of attention. Many fields of cotton are so completely grassed that they have been abandoned. Indolence is doing its work diddly, and will make handsome returns to the planters. A very large portion of the wheat is still in shocks and stacks in the fields, awaiting the peregrinating threshers. There was an immense amount of wheat planted last season, and the harvest was the most bountiful ever known. From every quarter I learn that the farmers propose planting much more largely of cereals for the next crop than they did the past. With overflowing granaries, we can smile at the late famine days, and enjoy the exquisite satisfaction of being relieved from the dominion and control of the North west. Some of our good people are afraid that the Radicals, hearing of our full granaries and plentiful crops, will push more vindictive y against us their villainous scheme of confiscation.

A great deal of rain has fallen here lately, and the growing crops have been benefitted very much by them. Along the entire length of railway, by way of the Memphis and Charleston and Nashville and Decatur roads, there have been copious showers during the past few weeks. Through all of North Alabama and Middle Tennessee, every thing growing in the fields seems to have the fullest vigor, and promises a splendid yield. The trains on the Nashville and Decatur road run fuller, especially with local travel, than any others I have seen during this summer. The road is in very fine condition, and is now in almost as good rock its whole length, and is admirably managed. The schedule time for running trains is twenty miles an hour, and they run as regularly as clockwork, all of which is evidently owing to the watchful management of its excellent officers.

Nashville is exercitatingly dull. It has gotten over its very dilated condition of the expanded times of a few years ago, and is now in almost a hibernating condition akin to sleep. Prices of all kinds are at very low figures. Board and lodging of the best character can be had at from six to ten dollars a week. The hotels and restaurants charge six dollars a week day board. Everything of a marketable character—vegetables, meats, etc., are very cheap, at least fifty per cent. lower than the same articles are sold for in Memphis, I do not discover any difference in the prices of anything else except rents. They are going begging in every quarter of the city. There are innumerable beautiful, stylish and elegant ladies in this city. It is a great temptation to remain awhile and feast on the views, but being rather ascetical and *blase*, I will retire for the nonce.

COUSIN NOURMA.

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

Fortieth Congress—Extra Session.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, July 13.

A communication was presented from the Secretary of the Interior, in response to a resolution calling for information on the nature and origin of the Indian difficulties, and was ordered to be printed.

A message was received from the President. The Senate went into executive session, subsequently taking a short recess. On reassembling, a message was received from the House, announcing its action on the Reconstruction bill.

Mr. Trumbull explained that the bill was substantially the same as agreed upon by the Senate, and had no new features incorporated in it.

Mr. Sumner thought Congress had not been Radical enough; the civil governments of the South should have been swept away at once.

After considerable debate the Conference report was agreed to: Yeas—Anthony, Chandler, Cameron, Cole, Conkling, Conger, Edmondson, Fessenden, Fowler, Frelinghuysen, Grimes, Hardin, Henderson, Howard, Howe, Johnson, Morgan, Morrill (Maine), Nye, Patterson (New Hampshire), Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sumner, Thayer, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Wade, Wiley, Wilson, and Yates—31. Nays—Bayard, Buckalaw, Davis, Hendricks, Norton, and Patterson (Tennessee)—6.

The bill making an appropriation for carrying out the reconstruction bill was read twice and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Sumner desired to introduce his universal suffrage bill, but was declared out of order.

HOUSE.

The House refused to receive a resolution, by Mr. Munger, instructing the Select Committee on Union Prisoners to inquire about the treatment of rebel prisoners of war confined in camps and prisons of the United States Government; also, as to the facts connected with the cartel for the exchange of prisoners, and why such speedy exchange was not effected.

A memorial from the Legislature of Arkansas was received and referred, asking for an appropriation for Mississippi levees.

Mr. Washburne, of Wisconsin, offered a resolution, which was agreed to by a vote 108 to 16, expressing the belief that prisoners of the United States were in no instance treated otherwise than with kindness and humanity, and the House will entertain no resolution which implies the contrary unless accompanied by a responsible charge.

Mr. Stevens presented the report of the Conference Committee on the Reconstruction bill, which was agreed to.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, July 13.

Since the capture of the City of Mexico nothing has been heard by the Imperial Government of the French Minister in that city. Napoleon has announced his intention of sending a strong fleet to Vera Cruz to retake his Minister, should he be prisoner, and to resent any indignity offered him by the Liberal Government.

FLORENCE, July 13.

Advices have been received from Rome to the effect that Garabaldians are menacing the city of Viturg.

BERLIN, July 13.

King William is about to send an envoy to the United States to make a new postal treaty.

LONDON, July 13.

Petroleum closed at Antwerp last evening at 41½c francs for standard white.

An agreement was arrived at in the House of Commons whereby the reform bill will be passed to its third reading Monday next.

VIENNA, July 12.

The Imperial Government dispatched Admiral Tegettshoff, of the Navy, to Mexico, for the body of Maximilian. The Admiral goes by way of New York.

CHERBOURG, July 13.

The Colorado, Commodore Goldsboro's flagship, and other vessels of American and European squadrons, are at anchor here.

PARIS, July 13.

M. Rouher, Secretary of State, officially informs the Corps Legislatif that the American Government refused to give up fraudulent bankrupts.

In the Corps Legislatif to-day, M. Maniver said that unless liberal reforms were realized, war would be the inevitable result. He further said, the Emperor himself favored the reforms.

LIVERPOOL, July 13.

Consols, 94¾; Erie, 42½; Ill. Cent., 80½; 5 20s, 73¼; Atlantic, 24.

FRANKFORT, July 13.

Five-twenties, 77¾.

LIVERPOOL, July 13.

Cotton quiet and unchanged; sales, 10,000 bales; 10½d for middling uplands; 10¾d for Orleans. Manchester markets inactive. Breadstuffs remain quiet.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 13.

In the Surratt trial, additional evidence for the defense shows that Surratt was at Canandaigua, New York, on April 15th, registering himself as John HARRISON.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, July 13.

River stationary; four feet one inch in the canal.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, July 13.

Theater Comique burned this morning; value seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars; insurance forty-five thousand dollars.

DETROIT.

DETROIT, July 13.

The Supreme Court has decided that telegraph companies have a right to establish any reasonable rules; that whoever writes messages on the company's blanks, and affixes his name thereto, adopts its conditions and is bound by them.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 13.

Cotton unchanged; sales 1,200 bales; uplands 26 @26½c. Flour better; $7 50 for superfine State and Western. Whiskey quiet and steady. Wheat a shade firmer. Corn dull at $1 05@1 07 for new mixed Western. Oats a shade firmer; 85c for western. Rye nominally unchanged. Coffee dull and unchanged. Sugar quiet and steady at 11⅝@12½c for Cuba. Molasses heavy. Pork heavy at $23 10 @$23 50 for new mess.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, July 13.

Tobacco inactive and unchanged. Hemp quiet and unchanged. Flour firmer at $10 50@13 25 for XX; $14@14 75 for choice; $15@16 for fancy. Corn, 85c@$1 02. Oats firm, 80@84c. Provisions higher. Pork, $22 75@23 25. Bacon—shoulders, 10½c; clear rib sides, 12c; clear sides, 13@13¼c; sugar cured hams, 18½@19.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, July 13.

Sales of cotton, 105 bales; low middling, 22½@ 23½c; receipts, 476 bales; exports, 4,308 bales. Sugar and molasses unchanged. Flour quiet; superfine, $11; choice extra, $18. Corn quiet and firm; mixed and yellow, 95c; white 85c. Oats firm, 87½c. Pork firm, $24 75. Lard quiet and held at 12¾c for tierce and 13¾ for keg. Gold, 39¼. Sterling, 50. York sight, ½@¾ premium.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, July 13.

Flour dull and unchanged; new family $12 50@ 13 00. Wheat lower; $2 25@2 40. Corn unchanged; 75@76c. Oats scarce and firmer; 80c. Whisky 30c in bond. Pork firm; $23 00. Bulk meats buoyant; 9¼@11¾c for shoulders and sides; 13c for clear rib and 13½c for clear; Hams higher; 17½c for common, 20@21c for sugar cured. Lard 13¼c. The consumptive demand from the South for bacon and barreled pork is very large. Sugar firm; 12@ 12½c for raw, 17¼@18c for refined. Coffee firm.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY

For the Benefit of

"THE MASONIC ORPHANS' HOME."

W. W. BOYD, Deputy Grand Master,

Principal Manager.

Established by Act of Legislature of Georgia, passed December 29, 1865, for the benefit of the Orphans.

RELIEF OF THE WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.

SINGLE NUMBER SCHEME, OR ROYAL HAVANA.

Drawn Monthly.

Prizes Payable Without Discount.

COMBINATION OR NUMBER SCHEME.

Drawn Daily.

Prizes $5,000 to $1 00.

Single Tickets $1 00. Packages $5 00.

Discount on Prizes is per cent.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEME.

Drawn Daily.

Numbers Selected by Purchasers. Prizes, according to amount, paid.

No Discount on Prizes.

☞ All Prizes Cashed at this office.

PAY & CHANDLER, } 1st Main street, 2d Union street, Key Box 278, P. O. General Agents, Tennessee. } Memphis.

N. B.—The public are respectfully invited to call on the General Agents for Tennessee at their offices as above, where they will receive full particulars respecting this noble charity.

Employment.

I WISH to be employed for some time, having a very limited acquaintance, both in the country and city. Salary immaterial. I am capable of doing almost any kind of business. Reference of the best kind given. Address, through the post office, C. J. R.

$100 Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for the return to me at Mariah Wells, 270 Front street, of TWO MULES, any dollars for each, stolen from me at Gray's Station, twenty miles from Memphis, on the Memphis and Charleston railroad. One, a gray mare mule, slightly dea bitten, about eight years old and 14½ hands high; the other, a sorrel mare mule, about 11 hands high; branded "O. M." on the shoulder; both well shaved and trimmed and in good order.
J. F. HICKS.

NEW CROP TURNIP SEED.

Just received by express direct from Landreth,

AT CRAIG'S SEED STORE,

379 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

ROSENDALE AND LOUISVILLE CEMENT,

NEW YORK, SANDUSKY AND LAND PLASTER.

For sale at

R. G. CRAIG & CO.'S SEED STORE,
379 Main street, in the Jackson Block.

Attachment.

R. F. Poindexter vs. William Jones.

THIS plaintiff, on affidavit that the defendant is indebted to him, and has removed out of the county privately, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, having obtained an original attachment before Ben Sherrod, Justice of the Peace for Tipton county, State of Tennessee, against the defendant, returnable before me, the said Ben Sherrod, a Justice of the Peace, on Monday in August next, and the same having been levied on defendant's property; it is ordered that the defendant appear before me at my office, at Martin's Depot, on the fourth Monday in August next, to defend said attachment suit, or it will be proceeded with ex parte. It is further ordered, that this notice be published in the Memphis Weekly Avalanche for four successive weeks. Given under my hand this 6th day of July, 1867.
BEN SHERROD,
Justice of the Peace.

WEST TENNESSEE COLLEGE,

JACKSON, TENNESSEE.

WM. SHELTON, D. D. President.
R. B. W. ARNOLD, A. M., Professor of Languages.
J. M. KEATING, A. M., Professor of Mathematics.
R. E. ARNOLD, A. M., Professor of Physical Science.

The Session opens on WEDNESDAY, the 4th of September. The Course of Study is Thorough and Practical.
The Expenses are Cheap. For Catalogues apply to the President, or to
General A. A. CAMPBELL,
Secretary of Board.

BARGAINS!

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

THE BALANCE OF OUR STOCK MUST BE SOLD

REGARDLESS OF COST!

To make room for our Fall Stock; we offer the remainder of our stock at

LESS THAN EASTERN COST

Rather than carry it over to next season,

For Two Weeks Only!

CONTINUATION OF

OUR GREAT CLEARING SALE

WE will guarantee our Goods to be LOWER IN PRICE than ever before offered in this city.
We solicit an examination of our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Calico, fast color, 12½, 14 and 15 cents per yard.
Bleached Domestics, 10 cents per yard.
Brown Domestics, 10 cents per yard.
White Jaconets, 12 cents per yard.
Check Muslins, 8c to 10 cents per yard.
Linen Handkerchiefs, $1 50 per dozen.
French Whalebone Corsets, $1 25 per pair.
Ladies' Hose, 15 cents per pair.
Gents' Half Hose, 15 cents per pair.
Ladies' Thread Gloves, 12 cents per pair.
Children's Hose, from 15 cents a pair upward.
Embroideries, Trimmings, Buttons, Laces, etc., at HALF PRICE.
Marseilles Quilts, Crib Quilts, Sheetings, Towels, Napkins and Table Cloths at HALF PRICE.

Our Entire Stock is Bound to be Sold, Regardless of Cost.

Gents' White Shirts, from $1 25 to $2 50 each.
Gents' Plaited Bosom Shirts, from $1 to $1 50 each.
Gents' Linen Coats, from $2 to $7 each.
Gents' Cloth pants, from $1 25 to $4 per pair.
Gents' Linen Vests, from 75 cents to $1 25 each.
Gents' Fine Custom Made Calf Boots, from $5 50 to $8 per pair; actually less than they can be made for.
Boys' Boots, from $1 10 to $3 50 per pair.
Pins, Thread, Hooks and Eyes, Needles, Buttons, and a great many other useful and ornamental articles on our

CHEAP TABLES AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

Remember, FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY, continuation of

ELSON'S GREAT CLEARING SALE,

297 Main Street.

AUCTION.

Sales Future Days.

The Buntyn

HOMESTEAD LANDS

FOR SALE.

WE have the pleasure of placing on the market these very desirable lots, situated on Poplar street, in the most healthy locality of the Homestead Tract of the late Gen. Bunyon, Esq., situated at the junction of the Macon road and the Raleigh road, the suburban residence

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY

SUNDAY, ... JULY 14, 1867

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	1:20 P.M.	6:30 A.M.
Through Mail Daily	10:00 P.M.	2:30 P.M.
Somerville Accommodation Daily, (Sun-days excepted)	8:30 A.M.	3:30 P.M.

Tickets office, 279 Main, corner of second corner street.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
[illegible]	[illegible]	8:00 A.M.
[illegible]	[illegible]	4:00 P.M.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	4:00 P.M.	6:30 A.M.
Night Express	9:30 A.M.	4:00 P.M.

LOCAL NEWS.

HON. J. W. LEFTWICH'S APPOINTMENTS.—He will deliver a political address their fellow citizens at the following times and places, (commencing at eleven o'clock each day), to-wit:

Gadsden, Madison county, Friday, July 12.
Shelby Depot, Shelby county, Saturday, July 13.
Bell's Station, Haywood county, Tuesday, July 16th.
Cagerville, Haywood county, Wednesday, July 17th.
Hart's store, Haywood county, Thursday, July 18th.
Dancyville, Haywood county, Friday, July 19.
Mason's Depot, Tipton county, Saturday, July 20th.
Covington, Tipton county, Monday, July 22.
Porterville, Tipton county, Tuesday, July 23.
Chula, Shelby county, Wednesday, July 24.
Bartlett, Shelby county, Thursday, July 25.
Galloway, Shelby county, Saturday, July 27.

His opponent, the Hon. D. A. Nunn, is respectfully and urgently invited to be present and participate in the discussion.

SAM. P. WALKER,
Chairman Eighth Central Executive Committee.

TO THE COUNTRY PRESS.—The proprietors of the AVALANCHE are prepared to furnish a fine quality of printing ink, black and colored, at Eastern prices, for CASH. In ordering, let the kind of press used be stated. tf

Services in St. Lazarus Church regularly every Sunday, at half-past ten a.m., and eight p.m. The Rev. J. T. Wheat, officiating.

Rev. Dr. C. Collins will preach at the Central Methodist Church, on Union street, at half-past ten o'clock.

Elder Jno Brown, of Kentucky, will preach at the Christian Church, corner Linden and Mulberry streets, to-day at half past ten o'clock a.m. and at eight p.m.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—Preaching in this church this morning by Dr. Shelton, President West Tennessee College, Jackson, Tennessee, and at night by Rev. Mr. Miller, pastor, at the usual hours. Sabbath school at nine a.m. Young people's prayer meeting, at four p.m.

Damaged dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes must be sold in thirty days, regardless of cost or value, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

Whose dry goods is that next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store? It is M. Kraus & Co.'s damaged stock, where you can buy dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, etc., at your own price. Must be sold in thirty days. Remember, 213 Main street is the place. tf

Good colored lawns, at twenty cents, at J. H. Lowenstine & Bro's, Clay building. T,S&S

Don't fail to look at those cheap domestics at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. Must be sold in thirty days. tf

Ladies, look at those 10-4 sheetings and Irish linens, at M. Kraus & Co.'s, No. 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

Don't forget that old reliable Schwob Restaurant, No. 15 Adams street, where one finds the best the market can afford. The kitchen and dining room is under the management of the well known caterer, Sam Harmon. Also, a few furnished rooms for rent, with or without board, at a reasonable rate. tf

A rare chance for country merchants and planters to attend the great closing out sale of damaged dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, notions, etc., at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. Must be sold in thirty days. tf

Must be closed out in thirty days—the damaged stock of dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes, notions, etc., of M. Kraus & Co.'s, 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. Come everybody, who want great bargains. tf

The Committee of Invitation to the Barbecue to be given by the "Old Folks at Home," at Buntyn's Station, on the 25th of this month, are respectfully requested to meet at the office of Titus & Co., No. 10 Jefferson street, on Saturday morning, at ten o'clock, July 13. 2t

GREAT BARGAINS IN STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS.—The Elson Brothers, at No. 297 Main street, have a stock that in immensity, variety, good quality and cheapness will not only rival the largest houses here, but actually undersell New York dealers. The reason is obvious. Rents, though high here, has no comparison to those in New York, and our merchants buy in original packages from manufacturers. A merchant who recently failed in New York paid one thousand dollars a week for store rent. The Elson Brothers are thorough business men, and they make it an object to trade with them. Read their advertisement.

Don't buy your dry goods till you have examined the prices at Elson's great clearing sale.

Handsome lawns 15 cents, Menken Bros'.

RARE CHANCES FOR BARGAINS.—Those who desire to buy all kinds of staple and fancy dry goods cheap, will find no more advantageous place than the store of M. Kraus & Co., No. 213 Main street. The stock of this firm is very large, and is sold at far below New York prices. tf

Don't fail to look at those cheap white shirts and linen drawers at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

VAST QUANTITIES OF IVORY DESTROYED.—Thousands of teeth that might last a lifetime are lost every year, simply because the parties concerned either forget or do not apprehend the fact that Sozodont, duly applied, renders the dental substance proof against decay. eod

Handsome lawns 15 cents, Menken Bros'.

BOOK STORE ON MAIN STREET.—The neat little book store located on North Court street, Patterson Brothers proprietors, has been removed to No. 321 Main street, next door south of Kaisenlaak's music store, where it is in to have an enlargement of stock and increased attractiveness. All standard, popular, and school books will be kept for sale, and will be a choice assortment of stationery goods.

Handsome lawns 15 cents, Menken Bros'.

A Thing Much Needed.

We are much pleased to see that parties at the mineral springs, near Raleigh have made arrangements so that the Memphis and Ohio railroad will run two trains on Sunday, July 14, 1867, to and from the Raleigh Springs. This is as it should be. The citizens of Memphis ought to have some place to spend the day in peace and quietness. The celebrity of the Raleigh Springs is such that it requires only a passing notice from us to insure a large crowd at the excursion. Fair to-and from by rail, but one dollar.

THE FRANKLIN JOB OFFICE.—There is no printing office in Memphis or the West that turns out more prompt job work, or that does more beautiful work in the shortest time, than the Franklin Job Office, on West Court street. At it cards, circulars, pamphlets, dodgers, handbills, and all other sorts of job printing, is quickly and well and cheaply done, and also lawyers' blanks of all kinds kept for sale.

Gentlemen who want cloths, cassimeres, ready-made clothing, shirts, drawers, socks, neckties, umbrellas and a complete line of gentlemen's furnishing goods should attend the great closing out sale of damaged goods at M. Kraus & Co.'s, 213 Main street, next to Ward & LeGuere's drug store. tf

If you want to buy your dry goods at less than cost prices, be sure to go to Elson's great clearing sale.

French lace points reduced to $5 at Menken Brothers'. 2t

Simmons & Son, No. 19 Jefferson street, have received the New York Ledger, Harper's Weekly, Library Album, New York Clipper, Turf, Field and Farm, Frank Leslie, London News, States and Liberty, Frank Leslie's Chimney Corner, Home Journal, Independent, Boys' and Girls' Weekly, London Times, Peterson's Magazine, Ballou's Magazine for August, and Good Words for the Year. Call at Simmons & Son's, for Sunday reading matter.

Great discovery never known to fail. Hesperian Pills are the tons fide sure cure for fever and ague. They contain no poisonous or injurious drugs, and may be given to any infant with implicit confidence and safety. Price only one dollar at the drug stores.

WM. D'OENCH & Co.,
Proprietors, St. Louis, Mo.
1

Elson's stock is bound to be sold, and if you want bargains be sure to attend their great clearing sale.

PLEASURE EXCURSION.—The fine steamer Flora will leave the foot of Madison street on this (Sunday) morning, at nine o'clock, for Island Ferry. The boat order will be preserved by obliging officers. Refreshments and all creature comforts will be found in abundance. Tickets, One Dollar, for this excursion. The Flora will return at sundown.

PERSONAL.—Elson Bros. have inaugurated another great clearing sale. Every body wanting dry goods, hats, clothing, shirts, shoes or anything will do well to take notice.

THE THROW OF CHANCE.—Somebody has to win the big prize offered by the Georgia State lottery. The other prizes have a fair to fall to lucky fellows, each of whom, for the price of a ticket, will realize a fortune. There are blanks. What of it. Money is no good if it is kept, and if spent it may yield a golden harvest. Especially is this freely in the Georgia State lottery. See advertisement.

TERRIBLE.

Gilbert Wink is under arrest for stealing dry goods from his father's store.

Ike Wilmot is under arrest for stealing a trunk from a room in the Gayoso block.

St. Andrew's Society attended yesterday the funeral of Mr. James Wilson.

Mattie Regan was arrested for stealing $18 from Toof, Phillips & Circle.

John Foster is charged with stealing another colored person's carpet sack on board the steamer Dan Able.

A colored man named Sam Costello accidentally shot himself in the hand with a deringer pistol yesterday.

The reduction of the wages of street railroad employes has induced a number of them to resign, and other men are at work.

John G. Fipody was incarcerated on the charge of stealing a watch and discharged on habeas corpus, is said to have paid S. B. Robbins for $10,000.

Schroeder's free lunch and musical opening of his restaurant, No. 35 Monroe street, comes off to-morrow (Monday).

A meeting to further the establishment of a colony of freedmen contiguous to Memphis was held yesterday, and took a practical shape.

The Memphis Racing Association had a lively, pleasant meeting yesterday. There was a good attendance, and purses to the amount of seven thousand dollars are made up to be offered.

The house of Mr. Florence, on Brinkley a venue was entered by burglars and robbed of clothes and other things to the amount of several hundred dollars.

John Dodge & Gaffney arrest for stealing Mr. Herndon's watch from the pocket of his coat while he was playing billiards at a saloon on Jefferson street.

Some soldiers on Friday night stole a live palace containing a hundred pounds of very nice honey from the residence of Mr. Miller, No. 53 Raleigh road.

Two inquiring colored youths were investigating a self-cocking pistol, yesterday, when it went off, and shot one of them, named Jim Simmons, in the leg.

Mr. J. Wildberger, who died on last Friday resided about two miles from the city. He was advanced in years, and was formerly a very successful and influential merchant in Memphis.

In the Municipal Court Hyde performs all the clerical labor, and Eaton giggles. Hodges serves processes, and Boswell does the profound superintendance.

The case of W. Porter, versus C. Martin, was tried in a saloon opposite Poplar street market, yesterday. Porters attachment wouldn't hold, and Martin took a stay of execution.

The case of Ex-Alderman Grace resulted in his acquittal. No speeches were made on either side. The testimony was considered to exhonerate him from the charge, so the Judge gave a clear case of self-defense.

The Old Folks at Home will have their picnic, on next Thursday at Buntyn's Station, and the able, genial and popular Colonel J. H. McMahon will till deliver the address.

A dispatch from Decatur announces that one of the iron bridges at that place was yesterday blown down. This will probably somewhat interfere with travel.

The train southward on the Memphis and Ohio railroad was delayed several hours yesterday by the breaking of an axle, about a mile this side of Humbolt. Several cars were damaged but no person was hurt.

United States Marshal Tomeney, at last advices, was in New York, trying to sell the blockade runner Rebel, that he bought some time ago. His influence for Channing Richards, Esq., is not likely to win the registrationship of Bankruptcy.

There were numerous arrests on the streets yesterday of injunctions to restrain the paving of the streets. It is hoped that no hindrance will be placed by factionalism in the way of great public improvements and the restoration of the credit of the city.

When the torpedoes used in blowing up the wreck at the foot of Union street exploded yesterday, the shock was felt in most parts of the city, and many persons supposed that it was caused by an earthquake.

Two days above Lewis M. Gill of Governor Brownlow had better not have the name of Barbour Lewis to their petitions. Lewis wouldn't betray the interests of his clients, and therefore he is held to have betrayed the Radical authorities.

Some of the members of the Board of County Commissioners, a disposition to do something for General Williamson. He has been too much neglected. As clerk for Barbour Lewis, and investigator of county finances, and keeper of the new appropriated court house, White's resolution authorizes, he ought to do pretty well.

The excursion trains for Raleigh Springs leave Memphis at 8:30 and three p.m. to-day, and those who visit the cool shades and fragrant fields and woodlands, the health of the springs, can return by the trains which leave Wells' Station at 1:30 p.m., and eight p.m.

The horses attached to one of the Main street railroad cars took fright yesterday, and breaking away, one of them, with the evident purpose of getting a passenger ticket for some better place, dashed into the ticket office of the Memphis and Ohio railroad.

Sundry persons were yesterday busily engaged in handing around the statute to ascertain where the County Commissioners got authority for paying two hundred and seventy-five dollars for Municipal Court blanks. They couldn't find it, and the Circuit Court Clerk says they can't.

By a private telegram received yesterday, we learn that Doctor Charles R. Taliaferro, died in Baltimore on the 13th instant, of consumption, after a protracted illness. He was an old and highly esteemed citizen of Memphis, and a very large circle of friends here will mourn his loss. His remains will be interred at Franklin, Virginia.

United States Assistant Engineer and Master Charles E. Pierce, of the beautiful little United States steamer J. C. Pathan, went to work yesterday with six torpedoes and blew up a wreck lying in the water at the foot of Monroe street. Not long ago a person waned the City Fathers to pay him one thousand three hundred dollars for this work, which the United States does gratuitously. There was no loud explosion but the wreck was burst to pieces.

On Friday night two disreputable females were patrolling Main street, as females do all our principal streets every night. One of them was white and the other black. They were not in company. A policeman stopped them, and told the black girl that if in his mug's home, and arrested the white woman, saying that such were the orders given by Mr. Beaumon. Could such orders originate in dislike for white street walkers or regard for black ones?

The press of Memphis has lost one of its most polished, able and gentlemanly writers, in the retirement of Colonel F. Y Rockett, from the editorship of the *Morning Ledger*. It is reported that Mr. Tyler and Mr. Frank are shortly to assume positions on the *Ledger*. They are experienced newspaper men, and have our best wishes for their success.

Lumber, when we considered one of the mischief makers of the Brownlow convention of Radical Lumbermen, deprecates having threatened any colored Conservatives. He speaks only for himself, and evidently don't think we were wrong about the general character and conduct of others, whom we mentioned, but he says he works when he wants to do so, and does work a good deal. Times are dull now.

A friend sends us the first cotton bloom of the season, on the plantation of Mr. Ross—Arthur Farrar (freedman) working on shares,—near Shelby depot, in this county. This bloom is to be sent to Mr. Greeley, of the New York *Tribune*, who has promised to exhibit the first bloom sent to him by any freedman. About Shelby blooming in cotton is almost two weeks later than common. Cotton is not as good here as it was the same time last year. Corn looks very fine, and will yield a bundansily if the weather is favorable. Wheat has been more or less affected with rust.

Official Drawing of the Missouri State Lottery.

CLASS 429, DRAWN JULY 13, 1867.

53, 39, 12, 58, 75, 24, 8, 23, 42, 60, 19, 50, 56.

CLASS 430, DRAWN JULY 13, 1867.

24, 67, 40, 63, 6, 18, 66, 13, 15, 50, 66, 71, 56.

Drawn twice each day. Over $100,000 in prizes paid each day. Prizes are *all cash*. Tickets cost from twenty-five cents to twenty dollars. Call or send for circular.

GEO. W. VAN TOAST, Agent,
20 and 52 Jefferson, 22 Gayoso and 6 Water streets.

Go to J. B. Sutton's circulating library, 244 Third street, to get your books, newspapers and magazines for Sunday reading.

AN IMPORTANT LECTURE.—Rev. W. Shelton, D.D., President of West Tennessee College, will lecture at the Tabernacle, on Court street, on Monday night, July 15, on this subject, in which all our people certainly have a deep interest: "Our Southern Institutions and Colleges." The lecture will be free and, in view of the great importance of the subject, and the well known ability of Dr. Shelton, the house will doubtless be crowded. The lecture will begin at a quarter past eight o'clock.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—This Court stands adjourned until Monday morning. Monday will be motion day.

TRANSFER OF REAL ESTATE, JULY 13, 1867.—P. H. Winters, Sheriff, etc., to Johanna M. Larkin, deed for 30 feet on Jefferson street, between Second and Third, lot No. 6, block 48, being 30 feet on DeSoto street by 150; also lot on east side of Cayoso street, 75 feet by 151.

Decree of County Court to Charles Crenshaw, trust of landmaster [Dr. Prior Merriweather's; also 136 acres near a 160 acre tract deeded to L. Reddick by Clem Cannon.

Charles Coffin to John P. Tressvant, trust deed to secure $2,373, north half of lot No. 42 in sub-division of Dana tract; fronts on Union avenue, south side, 437 feet by 165.

J. F. Phillips to Charles Coffin, deed $2,750, north half of lot 45, fronting 117 feet on south side Union avenue by 150.

[illegible] deed to R. L. Smith, 5 acres, southeast side of the town of Bolivar, Tennessee.

Housekeepers, assist your husbands and economize expenses in these times. To do this effectually, buy your dry goods at Elson's great clearing sale.

Receipts of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad for Saturday, July 13.

Edmonds, Pettigrew & Co, 10 cases tobacco; Perkins, Livingston & Co, 1 do; Hyde & Goodrich, 10 bxs soda; 5 do saltpetre; Dr. Shotes, 3 bbl sides; Langley, Mulholland & Co, 2 bales cotton; Fowlkes & Co, 5 bales cotton; McCombs & Co, 5 boxes hardware; Guy, Alden & McBride, 20 bales cotton; Morgan & Co, 2 bales do; Smith & Gentry Saint Campbell, 1 bale tools; Cobb, Haynes & Co, 3 bales of cotton; Rosenbaum & Co, 1 box tinware; O. C. Boone & Co, 14 bbls pork; Ransom & Co, 2 cars lime; J. W. Clapp, 1 do; Sanford, Calhoun, Gunn & Carver, 1 car lumber; Newton Ford & Co, 1 bbl flour; W. A. Gage, 1 bale cotton.

Hesperian Liniment is the best remedy ever discovered for external applications. For horses it is indispensable, and no farmer should be without a supply of it. WM. D'OENCH & Co.,
1 Proprietors, St. Louis, Mo.

A PERSONAL ATTACK REPUTED.

No Party Capital to be Made by Misrepresentation.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: I notice the following article in the Memphis *Post:*

"CONSERVATIVE ECONOMY VS. RADICAL EXTRAVAGANCE.—Our jolly Conservative Sheriff, P. M. Winters, perpetrated, the other day, one of the coolest jokes of the season, which was, however, in a way to cost the county a good round sum. This eminent Conservative, the Grand Commander and Arch Patriarch of the club of the faithful in the First Ward, presented to the Board of County Commissioners a bill of $2,300 for guarding the county jail for one month. The pay roll showed twenty-three men employed during the month, as guards for that institution, at $100 salary each. This enormous bill was promptly rejected by our Radical Board.

All such claims were wont to be allowed without a question by the old Conservative Magistrates. We think Sheriff Winters was never asked to swear that all the men whose names appeared upon his roll had done the duty for which pay was claimed. Suppose this should be done for a novice.

Whilst much of the extravagance of the Radical Board of Metropolitan Police Commissioners, Why, Sheriff Winters requires nearly one-third as many men to guard one building, as they to protect the whole city."

It is true I presented to the Board of County Commissioners a bill of $2,300 for guarding the county jail for one month, and that the pay roll showed twenty-three men employed as guards, at one hundred dollars salary each per month. The price was reasonable, being just the same as paid Metropolitan policemen. The *Post* says: "This enormous bill was promptly rejected by our Radical Board." I was of opinion that the Board was neither Radical nor Conservative, and that, notwithstanding the members might be attached to one or the other political parties, in their public capacity they knew no party. The *Post* assumes that the Board is partisan, and thus insults the honesty and fidelity to their trusts of the Board.

The present county jail being confessedly insecure, and prisoners having escaped therefrom, it became necessary either to repair the jail or have guards. As the county was erecting a new jail, which was intended to have been completed long since, it was decided to appoint guards, and thirteen were found necessary for day and night service. This was done by the old County Court. The number of prisoners increasing, I applied to Hon. Judge Hunter, of the Criminal Court, who allowed seven more guards. This made the number twenty. I afterwards put on three more, at the request of two of these self-same Commissioners. Of course I have no personal interest in the matter, not one cent of the money ever has or will come to me. If the Commissioners desire me to be sworn upon any matter pending before them, I am at all times ready and willing so to do.

P. M. WINTERS, Sheriff.

A PLANTER WHO WOULD NOT PATRONIZE.

Letting it be Known Why He Did So.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: A day or two since, a gentleman who resides in the country but often visits Memphis, was met at the river by the carriages and porters of different hotels. It was known that he usually stopped at the Gayoso House, and when he refused to be taken thither and expressed an intention to patronize another house, some surprise was expressed by his companions. "What is the matter, Colonel?" said one. "You always used to put up at the Gayoso."

"Yes," he replied "and would perhaps do so still, but I can find a house just as good—where the rooms are as comfortable, the beds as nice, and the dinners as excellent, and where I don't have to associate a porter who is assisting his colored associates by Radical talk, and doing all the harm he can to Southern white people by working against their business interests, and for their political degradation."

"Why care for what a servant thinks or says?" queried one of the party.

"I don't care," was the response, "but I don't want to be annoyed with it. I am told that the fellow to whom I allude is active in organizing those secret loyal leagues, and promising the blacks that they shall own all the land and have social equality with the whites, and is exciting them against their employers. I am told that they have meetings in the woods to plan mischief. Of course I don't object to Mr. Cockrell having crowds of such Radical negroes about his house. If he expects to get Yankee custom it is all right, but I prefer a house where porters and servants are not noisy, plotting, mischief-making, Radical emissaries; and I'm not going to the Gayoso House at present. I suppose I have a right to patronize what house I please. I am not obliged to shake hands with a fellow who has the itch, or mix with Radical negroes, if I don't like it."

The crowd laughed heartily at this closing illustration, and then six gentlemen who had intended to go to the Gayoso House went elsewhere.

I think this is a little hard on the Gayoso House, for its proprietor is an estimable Southern gentlemen; but the fewer nuisances there are about his house the better people will like it. To most Southern people, saucy, mischief-making colored emissaries of Brownlow are not attractive.

MERCHANT.

SOME PERTINENT VIEWS ABOUT LIFE INSURANCE.

The Knickerbocker Company.

We dropped in on our friends, near our office, the other day, Messrs. Clarke & Co., insurance agents, and were suprised, upon looking over the records of the Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company, to notice the large business recently done in Memphis by that company. We were especially gratified to note the names of many of our best and most substantial citizens on their books, for the facts indicate a worthy regard for the welfare of their families, and in an improvement of the sound financial condition of the Knickerbocker. This subject of life assurance is now become so thoroughly understood, that it behooves no one who proposes to make a provision for the future, or who seeks to make a profitable investment, to delay to assure their lives. A peculiar feature of this business is that life companies are most profitable for the assured, in a large number of cases, and hence the Knickerbocker offers uncommon attractions. Its current business is gigantic, its risks selected among prudent, sober, careful people, and its profits are large, solid and increasing. Great credit is due to Messrs. S. R. Clarke & Co. for the prudent management of its interests at this point, and under their direction the Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company will continue to prosper and increase in strength and usefulness.

Everybody will go for the bargains that Elson Bros. are daily selling. The heretofore low prices at which this firm have been selling goods are nothing to the bargains they will offer for the next two weeks.

Rev. Mr. Brooke's Forthcoming Lecture, Tuesday Evening, at the "Tabernacle."

"The Shenandoah Valley" will be the theme of Mr. Brooke's lecture, for the benefit of the "Pendy Thurston" fund, and judging from the high character of the orator, the beauty of the subject, its grandeur and richness in history, poetry and natural scenery, and from the opinion expressed by a judicious friend, who has heard it, we feel justified in promising a rich treat to all who may be present to hear it. This lecture was delivered last year to large and delighted audiences in Maryland and Virginia, and called forth hearty commendation from the public press of those States. A large audience will, doubtless, greet the distinguished divine, who has but recently taken charge of the rectorship of Grace church in this city, and who comes here from Baltimor, where he was considered one of the leading clergymen of his denomination. During the summer months lectures are to be given alternate Tuesday nights with a lighter character of entertainments, such as came off last Tuesday night with such eclat at the Tabernacle. Our citizens who remain here during the summer, owe it to themselves as well as to the literary tastes of our young people and the needy widows and orphans, to go to these lectures and entertainments the most liberal patronage.

French lace points reduced to $5 at Menken Brothers'. 2t

CRIMINAL COURT.—The Jury in the case of D. R. Grace returned a verdict of not guilty. In the case of the State vs. Sidney Hunt, for housebreaking, Judge Hunter held the defendant to bail in the sum of $2,000.

CALENDAR FOR THE ENSUING WEEK.

MONDAY, 15TH.

892 John Cassin, assault with intent to kill.

TUESDAY, 16TH.

893 A. Parrish, larceny.
894 Robert Hamilton, misdemeanor.
895 Thomas O'Rourke, perjury.
896 Joe Williams, larceny.
897 Fred Weber, assault with intent to kill.

WEDNESDAY, 17TH.

898 Henry Stewart, larceny.
899 A. D. Pemberton, Bigamy.
900 A. D Pemberton, Bigamy.
901 Jacob Bartlett, larceny.
902 George Mullins, larceny.

THURSDAY, 18TH.

903 Stephen Gleason, larceny.
904 Michael Hunneman, larceny.
905 John Sweeney, larceny.
906 John Holland, larceny.

FRIDAY, 19TH.

907 J R Miller, larceny.
908 Charles Henderson, larceny.
909 Thomas Bennett, larceny.
910 Bill Moody, larceny.
911 Walt Johnson, larceny.

SATURDAY, 20TH.

912 William Brown, larceny.
913 Wash Smith, larceny.
914 Wash Smith, larceny.
915 John Riley, larceny, from the person.

All witnesses subpenaed heretofore in any of the above cases are expected to be in attendance without further notice on the day set for trial of said cases.

Ed. Worsham, 22 Jefferson street, AVALANCHE building, has everything fresh in the newspaper line—all the dailies of the great Southern, Western and Eastern cities; the Clipper, National Police Gazette, Illustrated Police News, Harper's Weekly, Frank Leslie, Round Table, Pilot, Irish American, Irish Republic, Literary Album, Chimney Corner, New York Ledger, etc.; the latest magazines; all the newest and standard novels; stationery, pens, inks, etc.—but why particularize when he has everything? Call, look at his stock, and purchase your Sunday reading matter.

A Card.

WASHINGTON CITY, July 10, 1867.

EDITOR AVALANCHE: On my arrival here this morning my attention was called to a communication, made on the 3d of July by Wm. Clark, City Controller, to the Mayor and Aldermen of Memphis.

I have no papers with me, nor can I refer to the records of the corporation at this distance from Memphis. The letter of Mr. Clark, and the remarks which he quotes as made by me referred to an individual transaction I had with the corporation of Memphis many years since, and long since settled. The published card refers to another transaction altogether; both are matters of record on the corporation books. I trust on my return home I shall be able to explain both satisfactorily, and that Mr. Clark himself will not venture to estimate my statements I may make.

ROBERTSON TOPP.

RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
SUNDAY, July 14, 1867.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

The weather, yesterday, was cloudy and sultry, with several hard showers of rain. The river here declined one inch in the past twenty-four hours at Cairo and St. Louis. The river is reported stationary. The Ohio is falling at Louisville, with three feet six inches in the canal, and five and a half feet on the bars, in the lower Ohio. White river is falling, with twelve feet to Jacksonport. Arkansas river is falling, with five and a half feet to Little Rock.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Ezra Porter, New Orleans.
" Pauline Carroll, New Orleans.
" John J. McCune, St. Louis.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Ezra Porter, Cincinnati.
" Pauline Carroll, St. Louis.
" Marble City, St. Louis.
" Dan Able, Vicksburg.
" Victor No. 2, Halle's Point.

BOATS IN PORT.

Celeste, John J. McCune.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Business on the levee yesterday was exceedingly dull. The landing was almost deserted by draymen, levee clerks and stevedores. The wharf throughout the day bore a melancholy aspect.

Captain Dan. Musselman, of the Belle Memphis, has gone to Pennsylvania for the benefit of his health. Captain S. O. Hemenway, late of the G. W. Graham, has been installed in command of the Belle.

Anothy Brewster, a ship carpenter, fell overboard and was drowned, at the Marine dock at Cincinnati, on Thursday morning.

The General Totten succeeded, yesterday, in blowing up part of the wreck of the old wharfboat which lies sunk at the foot of Monroe street. Six torpedoes were exploded in the wreck. The shock from the explosion of the torpedoes was felt very sensibly throughout the city, and many were under the impression that the shock was an earthquake.

Mr. John Ainslie, one of the amiable and gentlemanly proprietors of the *Appeal*, left with his family, yesterday, for St. Louis, on the Marble City.

The Dan. Able, for Vicksburg, the Marble City, for St. Louis, and Victor No. 2, for Halle's Point, included the departures last evening.

Captain John S. McCune, Captain Dunbar, arrived from St. Louis yesterday, at noon, bound for White river. She has 250 tons of corn and produce for this point. She leaves the Star wharfboat this morning at ten a.m. for White river.

An important decision has just been rendered in the Court of Common Pleas, at Louisville, in the suit of N. & W. Smith to recover the value of a box of merchandise shipped to that city on the steamer Kenton. Sometime in September, 1865, the Kenton, on her way to St. Louis or some other port beyond Louisville, discharged a box of goods on the city levee and left. Consigned to the above parties, and the clerk of the boat and the agents, Moorehead & Co., both notified consignees that their goods were at the wharf. They neglected and refused to send for them for several days, and when they did the box was missing, hence the suit. The court, after mature deliberation and hearing the testimony, ruled against the compinanants and decided the case in favor of the defendants. The box of merchandise was valued at $200, and in this decision an important point is decided. It is this: The landing or delivery of the goods on the wharf, and the notification to the consignees, constitutes legal delivery.

The Great Republic did not leave New Orleans until Friday evening. She will arrive here on Monday.

Captain William Mullins, of Commerce, was in the city yesterday. He contemplates placing in the Memphis and Napoleon trade a fine side wheel boat.

Mr. Thomas Pearsall, the commissioner appointed by Governor Patton, of Alabama, has commenced the survey of the Coosa river at Gadsden, and has at the latest report proceeded to the railroad bridge over that stream. To this point Mr. Pearsall thinks it not only practicable, but entirely feasible to render the river navigable with five feet water for steamboats at all seasons of the year.

The Golden Eagle will be found at the wharf today from Cincinnati with a cargo of Western products. She returns to Cincinnati on Tuesday next.

Captain W. C. Hardwick has returned from Cincinnati, where he has been to perfect arrangements to get a suitable packet for the Memphis and Arkansas river trade for the fall season.

The Celeste is receiving for the Arkansas, and is announced to leave on Tuesday.

The Mollie Hambleton is the Tuesday St. Francis river packet.

The Lady, Captain Ward, is the regular Helena, Moon Lake and Marians packet for Tuesday.

The Belle Memphis, Captain Dan. Musselman, with Mr. George Dean in the office, is the regular Monday Cairo and St. Louis packet.

The fine little steamer Flora leaves the wharf, foot of Court street, this morning at nine a.m., for Island 40; round trip, one dollar. All wishing a pleasant ride and pleasant excursion trip will be on hand. The Flora is staunch, and will be in charge of experienced and clever officers.

Count Bismark, *alias* Alock Waddell, leaves on Monday for New York, to engage a company to play the Black Crook in this city. Jim Bunce's black crook will play a star engagement with the company.

The Commercial is the regular Tuesday White river packet. She will be found at the wharf Monday morning.

The Welcome will pass down on Monday for Vicksburg.

The Mary McDonald and Enterprise are loading at St. Louis for the Arkansas.

The John Kilgore is loading at St. Louis for New Orleans.

The Iron City turned her White river trip over to the McCune and went to the bone-yard at St. Louis.

We will publish next week a full list of the Brownlow negro emissaries, who pip the river as stewards. We have our list nearly completed. Among the number is Captain Frank Hicks' colored steward, a fellow named Shaw, who is a member of the loyal league, and is taking an active part with the Brownlow marauders. Colored men who belong to the river fraternity, and have been taking an active part with Radicals, have been spotted. They will perhaps be able to realize this fall which pays the best. "Wind pudding," puffed by Barbour Lewis and sich like, or good living and good wages on a steamboat.

The St. Louis *Democrat* of Friday has the following:

The river continues vibrating at about a stand. We are watching for and expecting an early opportunity of reporting a vigorous decline. The movements of the upper Mississippi vary at different points—falling rapidly—rising slowly—stationary—but the grand tendency is downwards. The upper Illinois is stationary with a good stage. The lower Illinois is high, backed up by the present stream or Father of Waters. The Missouri is high declining. Dauphin has a fair rising stage. A boat off last evening for New Orleans with full cargo. One for the Tennessee with a fair trip; seven others gone with good trips. Several to-day and to-morrow. Upper Mississippi is low. Omaha with 700 tons, rooms all occupied, and probably thirty persons on the floor. Under the circumstances we will not say, "times are dull." Captain Mullins thinks the fire on the Yellowstone originated from sparks falling on that boat from the chimnies of the towboat Porter, whens he backed out, about half an hour previous to the discovery of the flames. The wheel house of the Mississippi was scorched, showing she had a narrow escape while in contact with the burning Graham. This burning wreck caused some consternation further down the river, where a large number of laidup boats lay. It struck and stuck to be Clara Dolson long enough to set her on fire, but the flame was promptly extinguished. An extensive conflagration near Cedar street, and one further down was prevented by the vigorous and splendidly directed efforts of the towboat Gartside, ferryboat Springfield, and other ferryboats.

The eleventh section of the act of Congress, 18th February, 1795, is the law further enacted, That every licensed vessel shall have her name, and the port to which she belongs, painted on her stern; and if any licensed ship or vessel be found without such name painted, the owner or owners thereof shall pay twenty dollars."

Captain C. W. Batchelor, late Collector of Customs at Pittsburg, and an old and well known steamboatman, was mentioned as a candidate for Mayor of Pittsburg.

The tug Magnolia, which was freighted with 400 barrels salt, on her way from Cairo to Dyersburg, Tennessee, took a sink Monday afternoon, seventeen miles below Dyersburg, and sank in twenty minutes, in twenty feet of water. Her cargo belonged to Halliday & Bros., of Cairo, and is a total loss. It is supposed the tug can be raised.

The Atlantic and Mississippi steamship line will go into a liquidation on Monday; then there will be a sham sale of the boats of the line, which comprises nine fine ocean steamers; the line will be reorganized under the old officers, the small stockholders will be swallowed up like a sucker swallows minnows, by the big stockholders, comprising several moneyed monopolies. We know of several who have gone to St. Louis to attend the sale, with the expectation of purchasing one of the boats; but the Atlantic and Mississippi Steamship Company have a way of selling any of the boats. They only want to get rid of the small fry and open out under a new charter.

The St. Patrick will resume her regular trips in the Vicksburg trade on the 23d inst.

The Louisville Courier of yesterday has the following:

The only boat in commission for New Orleans is the P. W. Strader. She is at the city wharf, and has engagements for all she can carry on the water. The Nick Longworth has her improvements and repairs all completed, but Captain Irwin has not yet decided upon advertising her, preferring a little more water. The Empire is at the city wharf loading for Memphis and all way points. The Plain City, the Green river packet, was unable to get to the city warf Thursday morning, the Nightingale, from Cincinnati, and the Rowena and Golden Eagle, from Cincinnati, monopolising the canal all day. It is such a snag harbor they don't like to leave it, but the canal superintendent finally ordered them to move. Captain Richardson, the gallant commander of the far famed Southern clipper, the Robert E. Lee, was in the city yesterday. He says he will have the Lee and the Quitman ready for the first bale of new cotton.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR VICKSBURG.

Regular Memphis and Vicksburg Packet.
For Helena, Napoleon, Vicksburg and the Bends.
Welcome ..... Jackson, master
This fine passenger packet will leave as above on MONDAY, July 15, at 5 p.m.
WM. JAY JOHNSON, Agent,
Star Wharfboat.

Regular Tuesday Memphis, Vicksburg and Bends Packet.

ST. PATRICK

WASH WYATT ..... Master.
CLAY RICE ..... Clerk.

This superb steamer has been repaired and refitted and will resume her regular trips in the Vicksburg trade TUESDAY, the 23d of July.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

Regular Memphis and White River Packet.
For Helena, Duvall's Blu., Augusta and Jacksonport.
J. S. McCune ..... Duffy, master
This elegant packet will leave as above on THIS DAY, July 14, at 10 a.m.
WM. JAY JOHNSON, Agent,
Office on Star Wharfboat.

Regular Memphis and White River Packet.
For Helena, Duvall's Bluff, Augusta, Des Arc and Jacksonport.
Commercial ..... Ashford, master
This fine passenger packet will leave as above on TUESDAY, July 16, at 5 p.m.
LEVY & MILLER, Agents,
No 139 Madison street.

Regular Memphis and White River Tuesday Packet.
For Helena, Duvall's Bluff, Augusta, Des Arc and Jacksonport.
Commercial ..... Ashford, master
This fine passen

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

GALLAWAY, HAMPTON & CO.

W. C. GALLAWAY,
HENRY HAMPTON, } Editors and Proprietors
R. W. CLUSKEY,

TERMS—Daily paper, per annum, in advance, $12; Weekly $5.
ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 00 per square for first insertion, each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Twenty cents per line for special notices.

OFFICE:

In our new building, No. 323 Jefferson street, near the corner of Main.

From the Southern Opinion.]

JEFFERSON DAVIS IS FREE.

BY FANNY DOWNING.

Free, with God's sky above him!
Free to the whole wide land!
Given to us who love him,
Back from the prison band!
Oh! let the news go northward, heart to-day
Throbs as its bounding pulses play;
Thrilled as it never again may be
Jefferson Davis once more is free!

Warble it birds through the orange bowers,
Whisper the news to the laughing flowers!
Bid the butterfly's bounding wing
Forward the blissful tidings fling;
Let the Mocking-bird from the green wood trees,
Rouse forest by the balmy breeze,
Lilly and laurel and snowdrop shout,
Heather bells in a chime ring out,
Deliver all nations with golden glee—
Jefferson Davis again is free!

Up from Virginia's valley wide,
Down through the sweep of the Sabine's tide,
Where the Alabama, with silvery roar,
Covers with green Carolina's shore,
And the Missouri with giant run
Circles the home of the setting sun,
Let all the land that he loved so well
Echo an anthem, whose silv'ry swell
Shall ring through the centuries of coming time
The chant of a nation's vast sublime.
That wafts on the wings of adoring love
A people's thanks to the throne above!
While Nature joins with a glad accord
And proffers her homage to Nature's lord,
Till the surging sound of the night's strain
Shall peal from the stars in a rich refrain,
With a tone as deep as the sounding sea:
Jefferson Davis again is free!

BY TELEGRAPH.

SATURDAY'S NOON DISPATCHES.

Facts and Fancies from Washington.

Adoption of the Report of the Committee of Reconstruction by both Houses.

Reception of the Sultan of Turkey in England.

Reports of Riots in Gallacia.

Prussia Decides Not to Send a Minister to Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The Secretary of War sent to the House a large mass of papers, in compliance with a resolution of that body calling for information relative to the question of the reconstruction acts. They include various letters and telegrams from the district commanders on the subject of registration. It appears from these communications that on the 23d of May the following circular was transmitted to the several commanders for their guidance. It was signed by Secretary Stanton and addressed to General Grant:

GENERAL: Recent occurrences in some military districts indicate the necessity of great vigilance on the part of military commanders to be prepared for the prevention or prompt suppression of riots and breaches of the public peace, especially in towns and cities, and they should have their forces on hand and so posted on all occasions when disturbances may be apprehended as to act promptly, check, and if possible, prevent any outbreaks and violence endangering the public. You will, therefore call the attention of commanders of military districts to this subject, and the issue of such precautionary orders as may be found necessary for the purpose indicated.

General Grant's indorsement on this order is as follows: "The above conveys all the instructions deemed necessary, and will be acted on by district commanders, making special reports of precautionary orders issued by them to prevent a recurrence of mobs or other unlawful acts." The papers embrace a large amount of correspondence, orders, etc., most of which have already been published.

The Committee of Conference report on the Reconstruction bill has been agreed to by both Houses.

LONDON, July 12.—Abdul Aziz, Sultan of Turkey, who left Paris yesterday, landed in England to-day. He was received by the Prince of Wales, acting for the Queen, and by his Majesty Ismael, Sovereign of Egypt, and was by them escorted to London, where he met an unusually brilliant and imposing reception. The streets through which he passed were gay with flags and streamers, and spanned by arches and festooned with flowers throughout the entire course of the procession, from the railroad depot to Buckingham Palace, were guarded on both sides by unbroken lines of troops. Behind the lines vast crowds of men, women and children were packed on the sidewalks, in the windows and on the housetops. When the Sultan passed between the lines, the soldiers and the people manifested great enthusiasm, and shouts of welcome, cheering and the waving of handkerchiefs and banners did not cease until the Sultan had entered the gates of the palace. The royal residence has been put in a state of complete preparation for the Sultan, and will be occupied by him during his stay in London.

LONDON, July 12.—Reports from Vienna say a serious disturbance has broken out in Gallicia. The Austrian troops dispatched to put them down have been beaten by the rioters. It is believed that these riots were instigated by Russian emissaries, who worked upon the national proclivities of the Slavic population, and created, by their intrigues, a feeling of discontent.

BERLIN, July 12.—The Federal Government has decided not to send a Minister to Washington.

MISSISSIPPI ITEMS.

General Martin, of Natchez, has not gone to Honduras as has been reported.

A Hebrew Synagogue is to be built at Natchez.

The railroad movement is steadily agitated at Natchez.

There will be a grand tournament at Ratcliff's Ferry, in Madison county on the 18th instant.

A negro near Bovina, in this State, killed a soldier of the Fifth Regular Cavalry, on the 1st instant.

The new bridge across the Luxapillila, near Columbus, which cost $10,000, was burnt some ten days ago.

The result of the registration in all but three precincts in Tishomingo county, gives the whites 1,700 and the blacks 822.

The City Council and people of Aberdeen are making every effort to have the branch road from the Mobile and Ohio to Aberdeen completed.

Reverend Doctor Nathan L. Rice, now of New York, has been elected President of Oakland College in this State.

The house of Mr. Walsh, on St. Catherine street, Natchez, was burned on the 1st. It was set on fire.

A United States soldier assaulted a negro at Natchez on the 4th, and got whipped as the *Democrat* tells us.

Two horse thieves have been tried and convicted before a military court in Mississippi under General Ord's late order and sentenced by him to five years in the Dry Tortugas. So says the Vicksburg *Times*.

The Natchez *Democrat*, of the 2d, says that a lady residing on lower Franklin street found it necessary the other day to assault a negro man, which she did, severely cutting him about the head.

The Pontotoc *Our Own* says that a cabbage is now growing in the garden of Mr. Wesson, of that county, that measures full four feet across. This cabbage was grown from county raised seed.

A dead man was found by some boys while fishing in the river—Tombigbee, we presume—says the Macon *Beacon*. The body was so far decomposed that not a feature could be identified. There appears to be a laceration on the right side of the head, but it could not be said whether it was post or antemortem. The body had probably been in the water as long as ten days.

The Carroll *Conservative*, of the 6th, says: A terrible disease, similar to the cholera, has broken out among the freedmen on the plantations along the Yazoo River and in the lower part of this county. This disease has every appearance of cholera, though it has confined itself to the freedmen. On the plantation of Major Watt, we are informed, eleven have died during the past few days; on the Perkins place four, and on Johnson's place five have died during the past week, and numbers are sick. The disease, it is thought, was brought on by the negroes eating such quantities of catfish, half cooked and seasoned.

On a recent occasion a number of citizens of Madison county, Mississippi, petitioned General Ord to send a cavalry force to capture a gang of horse thieves that were troubling the people. The General sent the cavalry force as requested, with orders to the officers to report to the sheriff of the county, and submit to his authority. It is evident from this, that the General thinks civil authority entitled to respect.

The Natchez *Democrat*, of the 4th, says: "We learn that Mr. Dudley, who is planting on Bullitt's Bayou, suffered a severe loss the other day by the caving into the river of three or four acres of the landing. A steamer had just put off a large consignment of corn and pork for Mr. Dudley. The boat had scarcely left the landing when the ground caved in rendering the freight a total loss."

The Holly Springs *Reporter* says: We regret to learn that John Williams, son of our old friend Mr. William Williams of this city, was killed at Quinn's Mill, on Cold Water, on Friday last, by Lea Hearn. We have not learned the full particulars of this unfortunate affair and sad occurrence. Lea Hearn made his escape, immediately after shooting Williams and has not yet been arrested.

We learn from the *Southern Star* that the trial of James B. Simpson, a merchant of that place, for the killing of J.B. Jones, keeper of the Goodman turnpike, was concluded on Saturday, having been called on the Thursday before. He was released on bail to appear for trial at the next circuit court.

The Holly Springs *Reporter* says: "Mr. Bowen, of DeSoto county, brother of Colonel C. S. Bowen, of Holly Springs, was bitten by a mad dog last week. Colonel B. S. Milam, of this county, who has a mad stone, was immediately sent for, and we have no doubt applied the mad stone and extracted the poison promptly and effectually."

The Holly Springs *Reporter*, of the 12th, says that Logan Richmond, Esq., living about eight miles west of town, met with a serious accident several days ago. In attempting to hive a swarm of bees, he fell from a log upon which he was standing, a distance of several feet to the ground, whereby two ribs were broken, and other injuries inflicted upon him.

MONETARY.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
SUNDAY, July 13, 1867.

The money market remains quiet and steady, with no change worthy of note. Money continues to rule close and stringent. The discount market rules close, with rates of interest firm and unchanged.

GOLD.—In New York was steady at 139¼. In our market the transactions were light, with the premium rates ruling from 137 to 137½.

SILVER.—Continues firm and steady at 129@130.

EXCHANGE.—Was steady, buying at ¼ cent off, and selling at ½ cent premium.

CITY SCRIP.—Firm and in fair demand. Brokers were buying at 66@67, and selling at 68@70.

COUNTY SCRIP.—Dull and quiet; buying at 65c and selling at 68@70c.

COUNTY SCRIP.—Continues steady, buying at 80@82c, and selling at 86@88c.

TENNESSEE MONEY.—Is quiet, with only light transactions. Bank of Tennessee, old issue, 33c; bank of West Tennessee, 40c; bank of Middle Tennessee, 56c; City Bank, 60c; Merchant's Bank, 55c; Northern Bank, 56c; Ocoee Bank, 68c; Planters' Bank, 96c; Union Bank, 96c; Shelbyville Bank, 80c; Southern Bank, 20c; Traders' Bank, 95c; bank of Chattanooga, 10c.

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
SUNDAY, July 13, 1867.

Business in commercial circles continues dull and stagnant, with only a small jobbing trade doing in plantation supplies. Business in all branches of trade has been exceedingly dull during the past week. Breadstuffs and provisions are firm and looking up, with an advance in pork and sugar cured hams. Corn continues high, on account of the high prices obtained in the Western markets, though the demand in this market is quite small. We doubt whether there will be much improvement in trade until the first of September. The crops generally are reported to be fair, and the merchants anticipate brisk times when the crops begin to come in. From all information gathered, that the growing cotton crop will not fall short of three million bales.

From an article on the cotton trade in the *United States Economist* we extract as follows, the editor evidently (in attributing the low price of cotton to the direct agency of the Bank of England) losing sight, in a measure, of the effect the greatly increased growth of cotton in India has upon prices, from its condition of raw material to its manufactured state. A great increased supply from India filling, or promising to fill, the vacuum of a decreased supply from America, tends to low prices, unless from some cause not now apparent there should be an increased demand for manufactures:

"Great financial agencies work silently, but they are most potent in their effects. Recently, we witnessed a succession of cotton failures in this country and England, amounting in the aggregate to seven millions of dollars, and the full effects of the depression of the cotton trade have not yet been fully developed. In this city (New York) there are large amount of protested cotton bills, the acceptors of which are not yet announced in the list of bankruptcy, and upon which the holders decline to take action lest the depression should spread into panic, and induce numerous failures. It appears not to be generally understood that this condition of affairs is due to the dependence of our commerce upon the discount facilities of the Bank of England. That institution has, for some time past, persistently declined to discount the bills of cotton merchants. Whatever may be the cause of this action, its effect has proved most baneful to the cotton trade; and the injury is not confined to the merchants and bankers of the country, but extends equally to the great mercantile interests of Liverpool. The Bank of England being in a certain sense a national institution, though supposed to be managed with a regard to the interests of commerce at large, may be justified in regarding its action with a view to giving England the very important advantage of cheap cotton. Its refusal to discount cotton bills has had the effect of depressing the price of the staple. But how long can this effect continue?

"No institution, though endowed with the vast power of the Bank of England, can for any important period keep products below their real value. Moreover, the direct effect of the depression of the cotton trade is to limit the next crop. Planters are so discouraged by the numerous difficulties that beset them, that the depression in the cotton market and the downward tendency in the price have easily induced them to turn their attention from the production of cotton to the cultivation of other crops; while factors have had their means for assisting the planters materially limited. It is, to say the least, very questionable policy for a great bank to take such an arbitrary course relative to the chief branch of trade of the two countries. The cotton trade cannot be injured without damage resulting to other large departments of commerce."

COTTON.—The market yesterday was dull with few inquiries, little offering and light transactions. Sales for the day footed up small, with middling at 23¼@23½c; low middling, 21@22c; ordinaries, 15 to 19c. The Liverpool and New York markets were reported quiet and unchanged.

Inferior	12 @13c
Ordinary	17 @18
Good ordinary	19 @20
Low middling	21 @22
Middling	23 @24
Strict middling	24 @25
Good middling	26 @—

GENERAL MARKET.

[NOTE.—Our quotations are the wholesale prices unless otherwise stated. In filling small orders to the city or country trade an advance of three to five per cent. is obtained.]

COAL.—The market yesterday was firm, with a small demand, and the receipts equal to the requirements. Prime white on the levee ruled at $1 17@1 18; yellow at $1 12@1 15; mixed and inferior at $1 05@1 10.

OATS.—In fair demand with a light supply, and firm at 85@90c.

CORNMEAL.—Quiet and steady, with sales of kiln dried at $4 80@5 00 per barrel.

PROVISIONS.—The demand yesterday was fair, with a light supply in the market. Prices were firm and advancing. Mess pork ruled at $24 75@25 per barrel for large lots, and $25 50 for small lots; prime, $22@22 50; bacon was firm and buoyant; clear sides, 14@14½c; clear ribbed sides, 12½@13c; shoulders, 10½@11¼c; sugar cured canvassed hams, 18@20½c; breakfast bacon, 17@18c; plain hams, 16@17c.

LARD.—Firm and steady; keg leaf 14c@14½c; tierces, 13@13½c.

FLOUR.—In fair demand, with a large stock on hand. Prices were fair, with a slight advance in fancy brands; fine, $7@7 50; XX, $11 25@11 50; XX, $12 50@13 50; XXX, $14@14 75; fancy brands, $16@17 50.

HAY.—Quiet and steady, with a small demand; choice timothy rules at $23@24 50, and inferior at $16@21.

COFFEE.—Market steady with a small trade doing; Rio, 26@29c; Laguira, 32@35c; Java, 40@45c.

MOLASSES.—Market inactive, with a small trade doing. New Orleans 80 to 90; Sorghum at 65 to 75c. Syrups 95c to $1 10.

SUGAR.—Steady and quiet. Orleans 12¼ to 16c; clarified and powdered 17@17½c; coffee sugars 15 to 16¾c; yellow refined 13 to 15c.

EGGS.—Are in light supply with a fair demand, ruling from 23 to 25c for fresh packed.

CHICKENS.—Old are in fair demand, with few in the market selling at $6@7 per dozen; young are in good demand, selling at $5@5 50 per dozen.

BUTTER.—Quiet, with a large stock on the market. Choice yellow ruled at 17@22c; common, 12@16c.

POTATOES.—Are in fair demand, with fair receipts, selling from $3 50 to $4 50 per barrel; sweet potatoes, few in market, and selling at $5 50@6 per barrel.

ONIONS.—In fair demand at $5 00@5 50 per bbl.

BEANS.—Quiet at $4 25@4 50 per bbl for prime navy.

RICE.—Quiet at 11¼@12¼c per lb.

SALT.—Steady and dull at $2 75@3 per bbl.

TALLOW.—9@10c per lb.

TAR.—Quiet at $6 50 per dozen kegs.

CHEESE.—Nominal; Western Reserve 17@18c.

BRAN.—Firm and steady at $45@46 per ton.

BEESWAX.—Dull and quiet at 30c.

BAGGING.—Nominal and nothing doing.

CEMENT.—Quiet at $3 25@3 50; Rosendale, $3 75@4 00.

PAINTS, OILS, ETC.—The market is inactive. We quote white lead, as to quality, 12@16c; American zinc, 9@10c; French zinc, 12@16c; linseed oil, boiled, 1 turpentine, $1 10; dryers, 16c; putty, 7½@8c.

GREASE.—In demand, at 7@7½c per pound for shipment.

HIDES.—In fair demand; flint, 17c; salted, 10@10½c; green, 8@8½c.

TURPENTINE.—Firm at $1@1 10 per gallon.

CANDLES.—Dull and quiet at 16c for light weights.

WOOL.—In fair demand; unwashed, 20@28c; washed, 30@40c per lb.

WHISKY.—Market steady and quiet, with a small trade doing. Sales of common at $1 90@2 25; Bourbon, $2 50@4 25.

TOBACCO.—There is a good demand for all grades and prices are unchanged. A fine stock is on hand and new supplies are received daily. We quote natural leaf at $1 20@1 30; fancy Virginia, manufactured at 60@70c; fine bright, pounds, $1 00@1 10; medium do, pounds, 75@80c; common bright, pounds, 60@75c; fine fancy smoking, 75@$1 50.

GUNPOWDER.—Inactive and nominally $10 per keg; $5 50 per half keg; $3 25 per quarter keg.

LEATHER.—Quiet and steady. Oak sole, 40@55c; hemlock, 40@43c; harness, 36@42c; skirting, 45@48c; uppers, per dozen, $35 50; French calf, $60@72; American calf, $42@54.

FISH.—Quiet, with a fair jobbing trade doing. North Carolina white shad, half barrels, $10; family Roe herrings, half barrel, $10; cut herrings, per barrel, $10; Mackerel, No. 1, per bbl, $23; per half bbl, $12@12 50; per kit, $3@3 10; No. 2 per bbl, $21; per half bbl, $11; per kit $2 75; No. 3 per bbl, $18@19; per half bbl, $10; per kit, $2 50@2 60. White fish, per half bbl, $7@8. Dried cod per lb, 8@9c. Dried herrings per box, 65c.

C. W. METCALF,

Attorney at Law,

Over No. 289 Main Street, Bethel Block.

To All Whom it May Concern.

AT the August term of the County Court I will apply for letters of administration on the estate of Elijah Brooks, deceased. All interested parties can be present and contest my application if they see proper.

D. McBROOKS.

RAILROADS.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD,
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, TENN., July 7, 1867.

TRAINS will leave the Depot of this Company, at head of Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at 4 p.m., making close connection at Louisville with the Express trains on Jeffersonville railroad for all Eastern cities, and with United States Mail Steamers for Cincinnati and all cities North and East, and in the

Shortest and Quickest Route to Nashville.

NIGHT EXPRESS—Every night except Saturday night at 11 p.m., making close connection with Mobile and Ohio railroad at Jackson, and with Illinois Central railroad for Cairo, Chicago, St. Paul, and all points North, West and East, and at Louisville with Jeffersonville railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

CARS GO THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through to all important places. Persons leaving Memphis on the evening train may have comfortable sleeping berths through tickets can step over at any point and resume journey at pleasure.

☞ Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at Ticket Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot

SAM R. JONES,
General Superintendent.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

TRAINS leave daily, as follows (city time): Through Express, 6:10 a.m.; Through Mail, 6:10 p.m.; Somerville accommodation, daily, except Sunday, at 3:40 p.m. Trains arrive as follows: Through Express, 10:35 p.m.; Through Mail, 1:10 a.m.; Somerville accommodation, except Sunday, 9:10 a.m.

Connections at Grand Junction with afternoon train on the Mississippi Central Railroad for Holly Springs, Water Valley, Grenada, Jackson, Vicksburg, Mem., New Orleans, La., etc.

At Corinth, for Okolona, Columbus, Miss., Mobile, Ala., etc.

At Decatur for Columbia, Nashville, Chattanooga, etc.

At Chattanooga, for all points in Eastern Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Virginia, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, etc.

Through Mail connects at Grand Junction with Trains for Bolivar, and Jackson, Tenn.

At Decatur, for Athens, Ala., Pulaski, Columbia, Nashville, etc.

At Chattanooga, trains connect for same points as by express train. Baggage checked through.

For tickets and further information, apply at the office, corner Main and South Court streets.

W. J. ROWE, General Superintendent.
A. A. BARNES, General Ticket Agent.
S. B. SHUCK, Passenger Agent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EXCELSIOR! EXCELSIOR!

CASTELLAR'S HAIR EXTERMINATOR,

For Removing Superfluous Hair.

TO the Ladies, especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as being an almost indispensable article to female beauty. It is easily applied, does not injure or injure the skin, but acts directly on the roots. It is warranted to remove superfluous hair from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same as well as the skin or soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilatory in existence. Price $5 per bottle. Sent post paid to any address, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists,
286 River street, Troy, N. Y.

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old, to great and to small:
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair

BY THE USE OF

CHASTELLAR'S
WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL
FOR
Improving and Beautifying the Complexion.

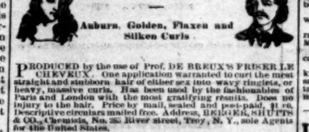
THE most valuable and perfect preparation in use for giving a clear, beautiful, youthful appearing skin, free from all roughness, pimples, blotches, Moth Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same, leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use cannot be detected by the closest scrutiny, and is a reliable preparation. It removes Tan, Freckles, etc., in the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian ladies indispensable as a perfect toilet. Upward of 20,000 bottles were sold during the past year—a sufficient amount of itself to do the dependence of our commerce upon the discount facilities of the Bank of England. That institution has, for some time past, persistently declined to discount the bills of cotton merchants. Whatever may be the cause of this action, its effect has proved most baneful to the cotton trade; and the injury is not confined to the merchants and bankers of the country, but extends equally to the great mercantile interests of Liverpool. The Bank of England being in a certain sense a national institution, though supposed to be managed with a regard to the interests of commerce at large, may be justified in regarding its action with a view to giving England the very important advantage of cheap cotton. Its refusal to discount cotton bills has had the effect of depressing the price of the staple. But how long can this effect continue?

"No institution, though endowed with the vast power of the Bank of England, can for any important period keep products below their real value. Moreover, the direct effect of the depression of the cotton trade is to limit the next crop. Planters are so discouraged by the numerous difficulties that beset them, that the depression in the cotton market and the downward tendency in the price have easily induced them to turn their attention from the production of cotton to the cultivation of other crops; while factors have had their means for assisting the planters materially limited. It is, to say the least, very questionable policy for a great bank to take such an arbitrary course relative to the chief branch of trade of the two countries. The cotton trade cannot be injured without damage resulting to other large departments of commerce."

COTTON.—The market yesterday was dull with few inquiries, little offering and light transactions. Sales for the day footed up small, with middling at 23¼@23½c; low middling, 21@22c; ordinaries, 15 to 19c. The Liverpool and New York markets were reported quiet and unchanged.

Inferior	12 @13c
Ordinary	17 @18
Good ordinary	19 @20
Low middling	21 @22
Middling	23 @24
Strict middling	24 @25
Good middling	26 @—

BEAUTY.



Auburn, Golden, Flaxen and Silken Curls

PRODUCED by the use of Prof. DE BREUX'S FRISEUR LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex in any variety of ringlets, or heavy, massive curls. Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by express, $2 per bottle, or 3 for $5. Descriptive circulars mailed free. Address, BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 286 River street, Troy, N. Y., sole Agents for the United States.

Whiskers and Mustaches

Forced to grow upon the Smoothest Face in from three to five weeks by using

DR. SEVIGNE'S
RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE,

The most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the beard and hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most flattering success. Names of all purchasers will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address,

BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists,
No. 286 River street, Troy, N. Y.
Sole Agents for the United States.

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes and radiant hair
Whose curling tendrils soft, entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.)

CRISPER COMA,

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

BY using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will give stick to hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and post-paid, for $1.

Address all orders to

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette, street, Syracuse, N. Y.

HUDSON'S PATENT

R. H. Singleton, Sole Southern Agt. Postoffice Building, Nashville, Tenn.

RIBBON HAND STAMP.

Agents Wanted. Send for Circular.

ASTROLOGY.

THE WORLD ASTONISHED

At the wonderful revelations made by the Great Astrologist

Madame H. A. PERRIGO.

SHE reveals secrets so mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness the lovers from their cruel separation, reconciles spouses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, etc., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or recovery of lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of husband or wife. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the multitude stars that crowded the precipitation in the constellation—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation, fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness inclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. Reference of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, inclosing a small lock of hair. Address,

MADAME H. A. PERRIGO,
Postoffice Drawer, 226, Buffalo, N. Y.

WATCHES! DIAMONDS!

SOLID GOLD

Watches, Chains, Rings,
Bracelets, Brooches, Ear Rings,
Thimbles, Buttons, Keys, Etc.

SOLID SILVER

Watches, Pitchers, Goblets,
Spoons, Forks, Ladies.

IN fact everything in the Silver line, from a Thimble to a

SOLID TEA SERVICE,

AT MERRIMAN, HYRD & CO.'S,
No. 25 Main street.

Our Stock is New, Fine, Elegant.

HOTELS.

Buena Vista Springs,
1867.

THIS justly celebrated Watering Place, situated within five miles (by a good road) of the beautiful city of Russellville, Logan county, Ky., on the Louisville and Memphis railroad, and within seven hours' ride of Louisville and fourteen of Memphis, is now in the complete order for the reception of visitors.

Extensive and commodious conveyance always ready for passengers from Russellville to the Springs, in close connection with the day trains. Passengers leaving Louisville by the morning train can stop at the Springs and dine, and leaving Memphis by the evening train may have comfortable sleeping berths in Russellville and dine at the Springs next day.

The Hotel building contains nearly fifty finished rooms, besides many single chambers. The grounds are highly improved and tastefully planted in front of the building, and good fishing in the vicinity.

The proprietors pledge themselves that their table shall be unsurpassed in the State, fully maintaining the world wide reputation of Kentucky for abundant and good living, generous and flowing hospitality.

Very favorable terms allowed families desiring to avoid the heat and dust of the cities during the coming summer months.

Postoffice, Russellville, Ky.

PARKEY & HODGES,
Proprietors.

1711-6

GRENADA HOUSE,

GRENADA, MISS.

R. W. PETEET, : : : Proprietor.

THIS most excellent Hotel is now in complete order and ready for the accommodation of guests. Being large and commodious, it is well fitted for the liberal patronage heretofore extended by those whose fortune it has been to have ever stopped at the Grenada House. Will endeavor, as heretofore, to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage, and it cannot fail to give satisfaction to all its numerous guests.

His Tables are Kept in the Best Style

And furnished with all that the market of a fruitful country affords.

FOR A COUNTRY RETREAT IT IS UNEXCELLED

TERMS:

Transient Board	$2 00 per day.
Regular Board	50 per month
Day Board	25 00 per month

R. W. PETEET, Proprietor.

Worsham House.

OWING to the decline in provisions from war prices, raising my own vegetables, the general economy and arrangement of the house, and close personal attention to business, I am enabled to accommodate

Transient Guests at $3 per day, and
Day Boarders at $35 per month.

Feeling desirous that my friends and the traveling public should have the advantage of any deduction that can be made in their favor, I will simply say that my Table and general hotel accommodations shall always be first class, and attention to guests equal to any hotel in the Southwest.

C. B. GALLOWAY,
Proprietor.

RALEIGH SPRINGS.

FRANKLIN HOUSE.

HAVING made additions to the above House, and repaired and refurnished the rooms in connection therewith, the undersigned will open the same

On the 13th Day of May Next,

For the accommodation of the public generally, and parties lately those who desire to avail themselves of the healing virtues of the justly famed RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS.

Every effort will be made to render pleasant and beneficial the sojourn of every visitor, and the season bids fair to be gay and lively. A good band of music has been engaged and will be at all times in attendance.

A SPACIOUS BALL ROOM has been provide together with every facility for the enjoyment of dancers.

The Memphis and Ohio railroad will connect with Obio railroad trains at BARTLETT STATION, seven miles east of Memphis and two miles west of Raleigh.

The invaluable properties of these mineral waters are too well known to the public to require further commendation. Thousands in the country around have proved the deserved reputation of the RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS could be augmented.

R. H. & R. Y. COLEMAN,
Proprietor.

LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN HOUSE,

Summit of Lookout Mountain.

THIS favorite summer resort will be opened for the accommodation of guests

ON THE 15th DAY OF MAY NEXT.

THE Proprietors desire to add to their patrons and parties desirous of spending the summer months in this eligible and historical region, that they have spared no pains in fitting up this noted place for their accommodation Telegraph office, Billiard rooms and all healthful amusements usually found at such summer resorts will be added to the list. The table will be supplied with the best the market affords, comparing favorably with the best hotels in the country.

Persons desirous of obtaining further information will address

COOPER & JAMES,
Chattanooga.

apr29-1f

Columbus (Ga.) Sun, Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser, Selma (Ala.) Times, and New Orleans (La.) Picayune, copy and send bill to Proprietors, at Chattanooga.

IUKA SPRINGS HOTEL

IS NOW OPEN FOR THE

ACCOMMODATION OF VISITORS.

A NEW House with forty rooms has been added to the large Hotel, with all modern improvements.

Billiard Tables, Ten-pin Alleys, Bath Rooms, Swings Etc.,

Good health, the best Water in the world, superb music, magnificent ball room, fine hunting and fishing, and every inducement for pleasure, health and comfort.

115 miles east of Memphis, on Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

With two daily trains, telegraph, etc. Rooms can be engaged of T. J. CRAFT & CO., No. 286 Main street.

PATTERSON, WRIGHT & CO.,
Proprietors.

Yellow Sulphur Springs.

THIS pleasant WATERING PLACE, on the summit of the Alleghany, four miles from Christiansburg Depot, Virginia and Tennessee railroad, is now prepared to receive visitors.

Hacks will be ready on each arrival of the train, to convey passengers over to the Springs.

Invalids will find a first class hotel kept by Mr. Wilson at the depot, where they can be conveyed to the Springs.

These springs are on the direct stage line from Christiansburg Depot to Fort Royal, Middleton, Winchester and Loudon.

Board, $1 per day, $15 per week, and $50 for four weeks.

PROPRIETORS.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

W. A. HURD, of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY of Spotswood Hotel, Richmond, Va.
PROPRIETORS.

FRIENDS AND STRANGERS ARE INVITED TO

PATRONIZE THIS ESTABLISHMENT

ALL facilities offered by other houses can be found in St. Charles equal.

Telegraphic Communication

Can be had with any section of the country from the Hotel office.

1867. 1867.

THE CAYCE SPRINGS PLACE

THIS picturesque, romantic and popular Southern resort is now open to invalids and pleasure seekers, after thorough improvements and additions. The qualities and properties of the various MINERAL and FREE STONE SPRINGS of "Cayce," are ESTABLISHED AS EQUAL to any on the continent.

Carriages will be in attendance on the arrival of each train at Thompson's Station, on the Nashville and Decatur railroad, to carry visitors and baggage to the Springs without delay.

TERMS:

Boarding per day	$2 0
Boarding per week	15 0

Children and servants half price. Twenty per cent. deducted for families.

Omnibus fare to resorts. Baggage or mail.

BENJAMIN F. SHIELDS, Proprietor;
Thompson's Station P.

Alleghany Springs, Montgomery Co., Virginia.

THIS celebrated Watering Place having undergone thorough repairs, and been furnished throughout every department with entirely new and first class furniture, will be opened for the reception of visitors on the 15th day of June.

The reputation of the water is so extensive and so firmly established that it is useless to enumerate the particular diseases for which it is a specific. The proprietors have endeavored to make it as attractive as any Watering Place in the mountains of Virginia.

Comfortable coaches will meet each train at Shawsville for the conveyance of passengers to the Springs. The resident partner will be assisted in the management by a lady of long experience, and no pains spared to render visitors comfortable.

C. A. CALLAHORN, Agent.

J. D. HARMAN.
B. G. MAYO

ROCKBRIDGE BATHS,

Rockbridge County, Virginia.

Open on July 1, 1867.

PASSENGERS by the Virginia Central railroad get off the cars at Goshen depot; eleven miles of staging along a wild, romantic mountain road, lands them at the Baths.

Ball Room, Billiard Room and fine Dining Saloon are kept the present season.

Sulphur and Chalybeate Water, also the use of the Bath, free of charge to visitors.

Terms $1 00 per day; $7 00 per month.

R. G. MAYO,
Acting Partner of Harman & Mayo.

J. FULTON TOMPKINS, Superintendent.

☞ From the West and South, leave Bonnett's Depot, Tennessee and Virginia railroad.

Steam Engine Depots.

NORTHEAST corner Main and Morgan streets, St. Louis Missouri; No. 46 South Canal street, Chicago, Illinois.

Keep constantly on hand four, six, eight, ten, twelve, fifteen, twenty, twenty-five and thirty horse power Portable Engines. Also, Stationary Engines of all sizes. Call or write for circulars.

H. M. AMES.

Residence in the Country.

GENTLEMAN and Wife can find board and pleasant accommodations in a pleasant locality, two miles from the city, by exchanging assistance. Address Look Box 320.

LEGAL.

Notice.

BY virtue of the terms of a deed of trust, executed to me by Mathew J. Wright, on the 1st day of January, 1866 to secure certain debts therein named, I will, on the 1st day of August, A. D. 1867, at the hour of 12 m., in front of the office of Gibbs & Wright, on the north side of Madison street, in the city of Memphis, on Friday the 26th of July next, sell at public outcry, to the highest bidder, with the exception of the southern corner of lot No. 7, in block 16, in South Memphis, commencing at the southern corner of lot No. 6, and running thence with the rear line of No. 6, 50 feet 6 inches, thence northwardly and parallel with Second street to the front line of said lot No. 7, thence with the front line of said lot No. 7, 50 feet 6 inches, to the south east corner of lot No. 8, thence with the rear line of said lot No. 8, 50 feet 6 inches, to the beginning, being all of lot No. 6 and 12½ feet off lot No. 7, in block 6, South Memphis. The title is believed to be good, but I merely only as trustee.

VIRGIL R. WADDELL, Trustee.

County Court Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a decree of the County Court of Shelby, Tennessee, at the January term, 1867, I will proceed to sell to the highest and best bidder, before the Court House door in Memphis, on the first Monday, being Monday, July 15, 1867, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., three 300 acres tracts in the five different tracts in the following described lands,